THE BEAVER ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY In the old Argus building, on Third Street, Beaver, Pa., at

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Single copies of the paper will be furnished in wrappers, at five cents each.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention, every letter of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as a guaranty against imposition.

Letters and communications should be addressed to

J. WEIAND, Editor & Proprietor.

# THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 50—No. 35. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, September 2, 1868. Established 1816.

AD VERTISEMENTS.

One square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on many advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measured a square.

Business Notices will be inserted at half price, and immediately after the Local Notices will be charged twenty-five cents a line for each insertion.

Marriages and deaths announced free of charge.

The publisher reserves the right to change advertisements from one place in the paper to another, whenever he deems it necessary.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to ensure their insertion that week.

DRS. MARQUIS & CUNNINGHAM

PRACTICING PHYSICIANS,

ROCHESTER, PA.

☞ Office two doors east of Asbury's Hotel

Prompt attention given to all calls.

apr2'68-ly.

G. L. EBERHART,

CIVIL ENGINEER & SURVEYOR

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

SURVEYS, MAPS AND PROFILES MADE ON Short notice. [jly17'68.

STRAY COW.

STRAYED FROM THE PREMISES OF THE SUBscriber in Beaver Pa., on the 2nd of July 1868, a mulley cow, with star in the forehead, and milks out of three bottle. About six years old. Any person giving the information concerning her will be suitably rewarded.

ALEX. McMAHON.

aug19'68-3t

Executor's Notice.—Whereas letters testamentary upon the estate of Charles M'Henry, late of Brighton township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present the same without delay.

JOHN M'HENRY, } Executors.
S. L. M'HENRY, }

aug19'68-6t.

Beaver Seminary & Institute.

FALL SESSION OPENS SEPT. 8, 1868.

THIS SCHOOL, SO LONG AND SUCCESSFULLY conducted by Prof. Taylor and able assistants, offers extensive courses in the Classics, English and Music. For Catalogues address

W. T. TAYLOR

jy29'68.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

MEN OF OUR DAY:

THE MEN WHO GOVERN OUR COUNTRY, make its laws, have fought its battles, charmed us with their eloquence, founded our colleges, control our railroads, manufactories, and our finances—one attractive volume, full of vivid interest, life-like illustrations and characteristic anecdote. 850 well-filled pages—32 fine steel portraits, and the lives of over 50 men. Price now to suit the times. The cheapest as well as the most interesting book published within five years. Sales immense. Every body wants to know the life history of these men. Send for Circular to

ZEIGLER, M'CURDY & CO.

Phila. Pa., Cincinnati, O., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo.

aug26'68-6t.

WINE FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS A LARGE LOT OF Pure Domestic Wine, manufactured by himself, at his vineyard near Industry, Beaver county, Pa., which he will sell at moderate rates. This wine is made from the Concord and Catawba Grape, and will be sold by the bottle, gallon or keg.

Concord plants one year old, for sale at my vineyard

apr15'68-tf. CHARLES ROEDEL.

JOS. H. GREER,

ARCHITECT, MECHANICIAN, LAND AND

Engineer of Parts and Manufactures.

Office and Residence, ROCHESTER, PA.

LAUGHING GAS!

COME ALL YE THAT HAVE BEEN SUFFERING the untold miseries of toothache, and dread of extraction, and you will find that Dr. Chandler & Co. are ready to relieve you by the use of the great pain destroyer—LAUGHING GAS; and make their extraction a source of pleasure, rather than of pain.

All dental operations performed in the best possible manner, and at reasonable terms as by any good Dentists in the county.

☞ Office in Beaver Station, Rochester, Pa.

jan27—ly. T. J. CHANDLER & CO.

DENTISTRY

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Beaver and vicinity, that he has opened an office in Beaver, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry. He has had considerable experience in the profession, and flatters himself to be able to give general satisfaction in his business.

☞ Office in the old "Gormly Hotel" building, Third street, Beaver, Pa. All work warranted for one year. J. S. GOSHORN.

jy17'68-1y.

Law Partnership.

J. H. CUNNINGHAM, : E. P. KUHN.

CUNNINGHAM & KUHN.

Atty's. at Law.

OFFICE, THIRD ST.,

apr5'68-1y. BEAVER, PA.

DR. C. B. WARRINGTON,

(SUCCESSOR TO DR. W. A. ROSE.)

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania,

Has located permanently at

Rochester, Beaver county, Pa.

Having had many years experience in all branches of the practice of medicine, he offers his services to the citizens of the village and surrounding country.

☞ Office and residence on Water street, second door West of the Pittsburgh National Plow Factory where he may be consulted, after June 18th, at all hours day or night. [jy17'68-3mos

P. JEUNET,

Watch Maker and Jeweller,

Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a.,

(In room adjoining J. C. Wilson's office.)

Gold watches and chronometers repaired and warranted. Engraving done to order.

☞ The patronage of the public is solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a trial.

apr17'68-3m.

Chas. B. Hurst,

Notary Public, Conveyancer and Insurance Agent.

DEEDS AND AGREEMENTS WRITTEN AND acknowledgements taken, &c. &c.

Having been duly commissioned as Agent for several first class Insurance Companies, representing the Fire, Life, Accident, and Live Stock Departments, is prepared to take risks and write policies on the most liberal terms.

Also, Agent for the "Anchor Line" of first class Ocean Steamers. Tickets sold to and from all ports in England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany and France.

Office in Leaf's brick row, Diamond, Rochester, Pa.

jy29'68.

Sands & Reineman,

No. 80 Fifth Sreet, Pittsbugh

DEALERS IN

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, BRITANIA JAPANNED, Wooden and Willow Ware, American and French Clocks. They have always on hand the following:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Table Spoons, | Tea Setts, | Water Coolers, |
| Tea Spoons, | Goblets, | Walnut Brackets |
| Table Forks, | Tea Trays, | Iron Tables, |
| Dessert Forks, | Salvers, | Clothes Horse, |
| Coffee Urns, | Tea Chests, | |

apr17'68-1y.

One of the Largest & Most Successful

WHOLESALE HAT HOUSES

In the old extensive and reliable House of

Wm. Flemming,

No. 139 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

OUR GOODS WILL BE SOLD AT EASTERN PRICES, and will be found to compare in extent and variety with first class houses in New York. The stock consists of Men and Boys Fur and Wool Hats, Silk and Cassimere Hats, Men and Boys Caps, Men, Boys and Childrens Straw goods, Palm leaf Hats, Shaker Hoods, Sundowns, Ladies' and Misses Hats, trimmed and untrimmed. Country Merchants are invited to call and examine our stock. '67:anjoly.

NEW HARDWARE HOUSE.

Lindsay, Sterrit & Euwer,

Importers and Dealers in

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK HAVING BEEN BOUGHT during the late decline in prices, we are enabled to offer greater inducements than old houses who are carrying over stocks at old prices. Country Merchants should not fail to visit us when in the city.

Lindsay, Sterrit & Euwer,

337 LIBERTY STREET,

NEAR UNION DEPOT, PITTSBURGH.

aug26'68-1y.

LUMBER, LUMBER, LUMBER.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ON HAND AND offer for sale at the lowest rates in the market, 200,000 feet No. 1 Common Board, undressed.

100,000 " " 2 " " "

200,000 " No. 1, 2 and 3 Faced Boards, extra dry.

20,000 " Extra Dry Flooring 12, 14 and 16 feet long.

5,000 " Weatherboarding, worked

Weatherbording of all kinds made to order.

3,000 " No. 2 Flooring, 12, 14 and 16.

2,000 " 1 Oak Flooring Boards,

4,000 " 1 Clear Pannel stuff, ½, ⅝ and ¼ inch.

Shingles and Lath:

400,000 No. 1, 16 and 18 inch Shingles, guaranteed

1,000,000 Lath, full width and evenly sawed.

Joists and Studding.

200,000 feet Hemlock Joists and Studding, all sizes.

Frame Stuff sawed to order.

Wheeler's Water Drawer, and Boardman's Celebrated Water Elevator, constantly kept on hand and for sale.

FEED! FEED!! FEED!!!

300 bush. Corn and Oats mixed in the grain.

200 " " Chopped, for sale.

At low rates.

J. & H. DARRAGH.

lyr18'68-3m.

THE CHEAPEST

Boot and Shoe House

IN THE CITY,

J. H. Borland,

MANUFACTURER, WHOLESALE & COMMISsion dealer in Boots, Shoes & Rubbers, at New York and Boston Prices, thus saving of expenses and freight.

Also, Agent for Philadelphia City made goods at manufacturers prices.

Country Merchants and Shoe Dealers will save money by calling on me before going East.

Goods Received Daily

At No. 102 Third Street,

Near Wood, PITTSBURGH, PA.

RETAIL STORE

No. 98 Market Street,

2d DOOR FROM FIFTH.

may2'68-3m.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.

On and after June 7th, 1868, Trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows. [Train leaving Chicago at 8:05 P. M., leaves daily.] [Train leaving Pittsburgh at 1.45 P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

| | Mail. | Express. | Night Ex's. | Accom. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburgh | 9.00 AM | 6.45 AM | 9.30 PM | 1.50 AM |
| Rochester | 9.40 | 9.15 | 10.10 | 5.00 |
| Salem | 11.51 | 10.31 | 12.20 PM | 4.47 |
| Alliance | 12.45 | 11.25 | 1.15 | 5.40 |
| Canton | 2.27 | 12.13 PM | 1.58 | 6.26 |
| Massillon | 2.47 | 12.40 | 2.18 | 6.45 |
| Orrville | 3.17 | 1.23 | 2.53 | 7.19 |
| Wooster | 3.45 | 2.07 | 3.20 | 7.45 |
| Mansfield | 4.16 | 2.40 | 3.50 | 9.28 |
| | 4.45 | 3.15 | 4.30 | 10.00 |
| Crestline | 5.00 | 6.00 AM | 6.00 | 10.15 |
| Bucyrus | 10.23 | 7.23 | 7.23 | 10.41 |
| Forest | 11.27 | 7.49 | 7.51 | 11.47 |
| Lima | 12.27 PM | 9.05 | 9.05 | 11.5 AM |
| Van Wert | 1.28 | 10.15 | 10.15 | 2.07 |
| Fort Wayne | 3.00 | 12.10 PM | 1.50 | 3.30 |
| Columbia | 3.37 | 1.00 | 1.37 AM | 4.06 |
| Warsaw | 4.23 | 1.55 | 2.32 | 4.43 |
| Plymouth | 5.10 | 3.00 | 3.33 | 5.55 |
| Valparaiso | 5.53 | 3.47 | 4.15 | 7.27 |
| Chicago | 8.20 | 7.00 | 6.20 | 9.10 |

TRAINS GOING EAST.

| | Exp's. | Exp's. | Mail. | Accom. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bellair | 11.10 AM | 6.10 AM | 9.30 PM | |
| Bridgeport | 11.31 | 6.25 | 9.40 | |
| Steubenville | 12.36 PM | 7.45 | 10.47 | |
| Wellsville | 1.00 | 8.10 | 11.15 | 6.35 AM |
| Smithfield Ferry | 2.00 | 9.05 | 12.07 | 7.33 |
| Beaver | 3.07 | 9.20 | 1.37 | 7.30 |
| Rochester | 3.15 | 9.50 | 1.50 | 7.20 |
| Pittsburgh | 4.30 | 11.05 | 3.05 | 8.40 |

TRAINS GOING WEST.

| | Mail. | Exp's. | Exp's. | Accom. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburgh | 8.00 AM | 10.15 AM | 12.30 PM | 4.30 PM |
| Rochester | 8.40 | 10.55 | 1.10 | 5.00 |
| Beaver | 9.00 | 11.15 | 1.30 | 5.20 |
| Smith's Ferry | 9.37 | 11.50 | 2.03 | 5.55 |
| Wellsville | 10.35 | 1.40 | 3.10 | 6.55 AM |
| Steubenville | 11.40 | 2.45 | 4.15 | 8.00 |
| Bridgeport | 11.52 | 2.55 | 4.27 | 8.10 |
| Bellair | 12.10 PM | 3.05 | 4.50 | 8.30 |

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

| Leave | Arrive |
|---|---|
| N. Philadelphia, 6.30 a. m. | Bayard, 9.25 a. m. |
| Bayard, 12.10 m. | N. Philadelphia 3.00 p. m. |

F. R. MEYERS, General Ticket Agent.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after May 11, 1868, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

| | Mail. Exp's. | Mail. | Accom. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cleveland | 8.35 AM | 12.10 PM | 3.40 PM |
| Euclid Street | 8.46 | 12.21 | 3.51 |
| Hudson | 9.50 | 1.08 | 5.05 |
| Ravenna | 10.25 | 1.41 | 5.47 |
| Alliance | 11.09 | 2.23 | 6.40 |
| Bayard | 11.54 | 2.59 | |
| Wellsville | 1.20 PM | 4.19 | |

GOING NORTH.

| | Mail. | Exp's. | Accom. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wellsville | 8.50 AM | 3.25 PM | |
| Bayard | 10.25 | 5.15 | 7.45 AM |
| Alliance | 11.10 | 5.40 | 8.31 |
| Ravenna | 12.05 PM | 6.47 | 9.10 |
| Hudson | 12.39 | 6.13 | 9.47 |
| Euclid Street | 1.37 | 6.58 | 10.37 |
| Cleveland | 1.50 | 7.10 | 10.50 |

GOING EAST.

| | Exp's. | Exp's. | Mail. | Accom. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bellair | 11.10 AM | 6.10 AM | 9.30 PM | |
| Bridgeport | 11.31 | 6.25 | 9.40 | |
| Steubenville | 12.36 PM | 7.45 | 10.47 | |
| Wellsville | 1.00 | 8.10 | 11.15 | 6.35 AM |
| Smithfield Ferry | 2.00 | 9.05 | 12.07 | 7.33 |
| Beaver | 3.07 | 9.20 | 1.37 | 7.30 |
| Rochester | 3.15 | 9.50 | 1.50 | 7.20 |
| Pittsburgh | 4.30 | 11.05 | 3.05 | 8.40 |

GOING WEST.

| | Mail. | Exp's. | Exp's. | Accom. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburgh | 8.00 AM | 10.15 AM | 12.30 PM | 4.30 PM |
| Rochester | 8.40 | 10.55 | 1.10 | 5.00 |
| Beaver | 9.00 | 11.15 | 1.30 | 5.20 |
| Smith's Ferry | 9.37 | 11.50 | 2.03 | 5.55 |
| Wellsville | 10.35 | 1.40 | 3.10 | 6.55 AM |
| Steubenville | 11.40 | 2.45 | 4.15 | 8.00 |
| Bridgeport | 11.52 | 2.55 | 4.27 | 8.10 |
| Bellair | 12.10 PM | 3.05 | 4.50 | 8.30 |

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

| Leave | Arrive |
|---|---|
| N. Philadelphia, 6.30 a. m. | Bayard, 9.25 a. m. |
| Bayard, 12.10 m. | N. Philadelphia 3.00 p. m. |

F. R. MEYERS, General Ticket Agent.

JOHN ENGLAND & CO.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE & CUTLERY,

File Manufacturers,

963 LIBERTY STREET,

Old Files Re-Cut. PITTSBURGH, PA.

aug26'68-3mos.

G. W. PUSEY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer

IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES

and TEAS,

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUIT,

Pickles, &c.

All kinds of Country Produce sold on commission, and prompt returns made.

NO. 49 FEDERAL STREET,

Allegheny City, Penn'a.

nov18'67-1y.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE FOLlowing accounts of Executors, Administrators, Guardians, &c., have been duly passed in the Register's office, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for confirmation and allowance, on Wednesday, September 9, 1868:

Final account of Hannah Campbell and Geo. C. Minnis, Administrators of Daniel C. Campbell, dec'd.

Final account of Ann Umstead, Administratrix of Jacob Umstead, dec'd.

Account of Marvin Hull, Administrator of the estate of Thompson Hull, dec'd.

Account of Mr. Hull, Executor of Rebecca Hull, dec'd.

Account of Michael Barry, Guardian of Martha A. Marks, minor child of Jas. Marks, dec'd.

Final account of Joseph Smith, Executor of William Smith, dec'd.

Account of Agnew Dun, Administrator of Geo. W. Fulton, dec'd.

Final account of H. Gross & John Shafer, Executors of Jacob Hoenig, dec'd.

Account of Robt. M. Rhodes, Guardian of Ralph Powell, minor son of Wm. Powell, dec'd.

Final account of Agnes Carothers & J. W. Carothers, Administrators of the estate of John Carothers, dec'd.

Account of Wm. Henry, Administrator of Thomas Middleton, dec'd.

Final account of Catharine Elliott, Executrix of Wilson Elliott, dec'd.

Final account of Jno. Kettlewood, Executor of Wm. Gardner, dec'd.

Account of Hugh Marshall, Administrator of Abraham Harter, dec'd.

Account of A. Watterson, Administrator of John Reed, dec'd.

Final accounts (Real and Personal) of T. W. Williams & Robert Mehard, Administrators of Samuel Kelly, dec'd.

Account of J. Dinan & J. W. Smith, Administrators of Joseph Smith, dec'd.

Accounts of Charles Lukens, Guardian of Theodia T., Mary R., Catharine Ayars & Jason J. Sipes, minor children of Rev. Thomas L. Sipes, dec'd.

D. SINGLETON, Register.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Beaver, Aug. 5, 1868.
aug12'68-3w.

Geo. C. Speyerer,

Has just returned from the East and is now receiving a Large and Well selected Assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods

AT HIS OLD STAND

Corner of Water and James sts.,

Rochester, Pa.,

GENERAL DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS,
CAPS,
BOOTS and SHOES,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
HARDWARE,
IRON,
NAILS and
CARPENTER TOOLS,
ROPES and OCUM,
PACKING YARN,
OILS,

PAINTS, DRY AND IN OIL.

Queens ware and Willow-ware

FLOUR, FLOUR, FLOUR,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Having the sole agency for the celebrated

CANTON CITY MILL

For Rochester and vicinity, we offer flour to dealers at Pittsburgh rates, saving freight from there.

Also,

FEED,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Also, having the agency for Buffalo Scale Co's Scales, we offer to the public Scales of all descriptions; Counter, Platform, Hay, Cattle, Dormant, Railway and Railroad Scales.

Also, Agents for Eureka Bone Superphosphate of Lime and Plaster Paris for land.

Horse Rake Manufacturing Co's Rakes always on hand, we have always a full stock on hands.

OUR MOTTO.

CALL ONCE AND YOU WILL CALL AGAIN.

apr1'68-1y.

## THE LOST LETTER.

Ours was a quaint old church, built of rough stone, with a wooden floor and an old time pulpit, where a white-haired old gentleman preached to his people. There was a gallery, too, with balustrades above which chrysalises seemed to flutter, and a bird's nest of a pulpit hung in mid air. Once the French Huguenots who settled New Rochelle had worshipped there, but it was an Episcopal church now, and most of the residents belonged to it. Not that they always attended regularly. So once it was said, driven to madness by the raggedy array of empty pews, the Rev. Elias Danbury had begun his sermon thus: "Dearly beloved Mr. and Mrs. Narrowax, and Mr. Parmelee,"—addressing the only members present, who were wide awake. But that was of a rainy day, and before the organ came the new organ, bright and loud of voice, which wicked people, not to be tempted out by sermons, came to hear. When the became an attraction, and good Mr. Hess, our German organist had formed a choir, there was, on pleasant mornings, quite a display of best bonnets within, and of wagons, gigs and saddle horses without. Then would hasten decrepit Timothy Brown, parish clerk and corpse-waiter, up the aisles during service time, and save himself trouble by putting boots and shoes, made or mended through the week, under the seats of his customers' wagons, that they might take them home themselves; and returning, drop asleep until charitably awakened by the head of the house of Addy, sitting in the front pew, who poked at him across pews with umbrella or walking stick, and caused him to start to consciousness with a sonorous "Amen" generally absurdly out of place, but sometimes quite as ridiculously in the pink of time.

I sang in the church choir, and when it was formed I may have been seventeen.

One October day the last of the month, which chanced to fall on a Thursday, we practised music at the church. Early as it was, it was Christmas music, for we intended to make a grand display of our acquirements on that day, when the church was full of strangers. And I suppose no one had a thought but that on Christmas day old Mr. Hess would sit at the organ, and we all each a place behind the red curtain of the choir. That afternoon I stopped for Abby Adair, and we walked over together. She had the soprano voice, I sang contralto. There were maple leaves thick about the church, and quite a red carpet of them rustled under our feet. Some had blown in the church door, and the janitor, Mr. Hess' clerk was whistling about, sweeping them up.

"You are the first, this time," he said.

"The first—then Mr. Hess has not come yet?" I asked, a little startled.

"Ah! he's come, Miss Sophy, I warrant him for that. The first lady I saw was Miss Abby, fine playing."

We ran up the steps of the organ gallery, Abby first. At the head of them she paused and I, neither of us knowing why, paused with her also. The loft, just coming from such a bright October sunlight, was dark, and we could not quite make out what Mr. Hess was doing. He was on his knees, his head bent down.

"Is he praying?" whispered Abby.

We crept forward a step. I said, "Mr. Hess." There was no answer. I said it louder. No answer still. Then Abby and I instead of going forward, ran back and screamed together, and brought old Timothy from the aisles below.

Our poor organist knelt there dead!

We fancied he must have felt death stealing over him, and knelt down to pray. There was a sweet smile on his face, and one hand was on his bosom clutching a locket, in which lay coiled a tress of flaxen hair. We buried it with him, for we all felt it must be some relic of the past life of which we knew nothing. After that the organ stood dumb, and we missed the dear old German face and the kindly voice with its foreign accent, which we knew so well, and without him we had not heart to sing, not even at Christmas time.

In the spring, when violets were on his grave, we heard that a new organist had been engaged, and that the Thursday and Saturday afternoon instruction was to commence, and the choir came together once more in the church. The old minister was there, and with him a gentleman who looked about thirty years old. He had a fine, tall figure, an olive complexion, and eyes never seen save when the complexion is pure olive; Spanish eyes shaded by jet-black lashes. When he stepped forward to speak to us, I saw that he was very slightly lame. Kind old Mr. Danbury introduced us in an impromptu sermon. Under the head of "firstly," he informed our organist that ours was the most amiable of choirs, to which hitherto all the dissensions peculiar to such institutions had been utterly unknown. Secondly, he let us know that Mr. Andrew Hudson did us a favor by coming among us, and that he was a wondrous organist. Thirdly, he hoped our amity would continue and increase if possible; and then sat down, with his face beaming with smiles, to listen to our first afternoon's performance.

At the first touch we knew that Mr. Hudson was master of the instrument, but whether we should like him personally was another question. I thought him very handsome; Abby Adair did not—and he was certainly grave and silent to a fault.

We were so accustomed to good Mr. Hess, and his fatherly interest in each and all of us, that even a genial stranger would have seemed very different—this gentleman particularly so, from his peculiar manner.

But I walked home that evening with our pastor, and on the way he told quite a romantic story of our new organist. How at twenty he had saved a child from being crushed by the heavy wheels of a wagon driven by a drunken man, and, in the act, been so injured that it was for a time thought he would never walk again except on crutches. How, at this the girl he loved—a giddy butterfly, with neither heart or soul—had jilted him, and married some one else; and how, even whilst suffering great agony at intervals, the young man began to study music as a profession, by which in his crippled state he could support his mother and himself.

"He had genius, and succeeded wonderfully," continued the clergyman; "and God has given him health and strength again almost miraculously—and as for the girl, I believe but for those five long years which kept him a prisoner in his room and gave him so much time to think, he would have quite forgotten her. And sometimes I believe, and his old mother also, that if he ever meets another woman he can love, he will become absold, light-hearted self again."

"Gold-en hair and blue eyes—adored just as old as I was—and I said in the girl—" Then with a start and new awakened look: "There is the parsonage! Sophy put on your cloak in and see Mrs. Danbury a moment. I will go to the church and be with you directly."

But I was busy that night and could not go. Besides, I wanted to think. The new organist was a different person already in my eyes. I felt sorry for him and indignant with the girl who had given up that he was no longer very young, as though I had known him all my life, and I hoped that he would meet some one true love. Alas! Adair—no she could not understand him. But Ruth Maitland or Bess Blanvelt—many could win a suitor.

And then, being at home, I went to the glass and looked at Sophy Norroway.

Did Mr. Danbury mean that? I had golden hair and blue eyes. Perhaps I was pretty; and I was sure that if I had been that girl I never, never—

The folly of my thoughts burst upon me—I laughed aloud. Silly, silly girl! I cared nothing for that dark, sad stranger; and he had not even looked at me.

Not there; but I could feel the same afterward. There came a time when, in my eyes when I would, I saw his head upon me. No fan impertinent stare; a quiet, earnest look, as though he were trying to read me through. He used to listen when I spoke to others, though he very seldom conversed with me; and once I fancied he changed my seat under some pretence or have me where he could see me better. At last, as I sat sewing at home one day, near the window, I lifted my eyes and saw him coming up the garden walk.

We talked that day. Shy people can only really converse en tete a tete. And when he went away I knew him and liked him.

The first time I ever saw him smile was when he looked back at the door to say a last word or two. It was a pleasant smile, but she could hardly think of him as serious [illegible] for me yet.

A week after I had left the choir the organ was dumb again. Andrew Hudson's engagement had expired, and he refused to renew it.

He left New Rochelle without ever bidding me good bye. I never knew how much was left in my heart until I heard that he was gone.

That day I stayed in my own room. And ill enough I really was, Heaven knows.

"There's no ailment of the body like that of the heart. Grandma's pills and potions I flung out of the window by stealth into the flower-beds.

The next day I dressed myself and went down to breakfast. As I stood before the glass I said to myself: "Sophy Norroway, the time has come when you must play the woman. The only man you ever loved or ever can love has no love for you, that is certain; and though you were not to blame at first, for he gave you cause to think that he was fond of you, you would be to blame to keep that love in your heart. Crush it, or if you don't crush it, hide it. Look as well and be as merry as you can, and let no one have cause to point at you and say, 'Sophy Norroway was disappointed in love, and that is why she never married,' when you are the lonely old maid you must live to be." For you see I had no thought of liking any one else. I knew that could never happen.

Well, I fought with myself after that, I battled down the tears. I forced myself to pay visits and to have my friends about me. I would not cry even when alone. But do all I would, there was the heart ache still. The fox gnawed at my bosom, though I kept the mantle over it.

Sometimes I think it almost a pity that a woman should ever love. For we can be sure of nothing in this world, and life is worthless to one of us if the man she loves dies, or forsakes her. A man can love twenty women, but a woman never truly loves more than one time. I used to wish often and often that I had never met Andrew Hudson.

Fighting down the love it was now wrong to cherish, and trying to do my duty, and, I humbly hope, doing it in some measure, I lived through the long years. At the end of the tenth grandpa died, and grandma followed him in a few months.

"I couldn't live without him," she said "You see we'd been together these fifty years husband and I." And those were the last words I ever heard her speak; for an hour after that she died, with her cheek lying softly in her hand like that of a sleeping babe.

I could not grieve for them—it seemed so selfish. But I was all alone in the world. I lived alone in the old house but for one servant, and sat alone in the pew with grandma's nameon the back, where it had been for fifty years. I heard the new organist—a lady—play, and the choir sing, and thought, despite myself, of the hands which had once touched the keys.

There were many changes in the church. Old Mr. Danbury had been gathered to his fathers. The girls who had sung with me were mostly married, as I might have been had I chosen; but I would give no man a heart with another's name graven on it, and had said "no" to more than one who would have made my lonely life pleasanter. I was nearly thirty, and the young folks called me an "old maid."

I knew, but I was well content, for none had found my secret out.

My thirtieth birthday fell on the first Sunday of October. It was eleven years since the first Sabbath Andrew Hudson had played upon that organ to which I listened dreamily as Miss Philips played (as she styled it) the people in—a strain he had been fond of; and as I listened the old memories swept over me thick and fast. I bent my head upon the front of my pew, and prayed that God might bless the man I loved wherever he might be, for, after all those years, and my long battle with myself, there was no change in my love.

When I lifted my head a stranger was passing up the aisle. A man of forty, with an olive skin and Spanish eyes—with crisp black hair flecked with silver, and falling from the crown—tall, finely formed, but walking with a slight limp—Andrew Hudson, ten years older than when I had last seen him, but still Andrew Hudson.

I never hoped to look upon him again with living eyes. I feasted them now. I was not quite sure I could live through that hour. The suppressed agitation seemed to be killing me, yet the very sight of him was joy. He sat above me in the side aisle, and could not see me without turning his head.

Even then, with my mourning veil down, he might not know me, and I could hardly be the same at thirty I was at eighteen.

I looked and looked, great tears swelling into my eyes. I was not conscious of anything going on about me. I only knew I saw Andrew.

Suddenly there was the sound of a crash, a rumbling, shaking of the church and screams from female voices. The whole congregation started to their feet at once and pushed doorward; the old clerk trying his utmost to stop them.

"If there's any danger at all," he made them hear at last, "it is just by the door. The floor has given away. I've said it would these twenty years."

At that the crowd huddled back and formed themselves at a stand still.

Just then a hand touched my shoulder. A voice said:

"Do not be alarmed, Miss Norroway. The church will not tumble about us yet. The only danger is a rush over the weak spot of the floor."

It was Andrew's voice, and I did not dare to look at him.

I stood quite still. Some of the bolder ones had leaped the chasm; others had clambered through the open windows. The ladies were being handed over by means of an extemporaneous bridge, and the place was almost empty.

The new clergyman had come down from the pulpit, and stood with his arm on his desk, very near me. The clerk and Deacon Blanvelt peered into the aperture.

"The beams have been dry-rotting a long time," said the latter. "One of 'em is in two, and the floor's bust, there's a letter."

He interrupted himself by kneeling down and thrusting his arm into the chasm. There on the ledge, formed by the cellar wall, rested a letter—dirty, sodden-covered, but with the seal unbroken.

"Miss Sophy—Norroway," he read slowly "why Sophy, that's yours."

I saw Andrew Hudson start violently and turn his eyes upon me. I did not look in them, and I stretched out my hand. How it trembled.

"An old letter, I said. I lost one before I read it ten years ago. It must have slipped through that crack in the floor, we all knew of." And I spoke calmly, though my heart was beating so that I could hear it.

I crossed the bridge with a laugh the next moment, chatted awhile with the clergyman's wife, and then betook myself home. Halfway I heard a step following me—a step I knew so well. I paused. He gained upon me. The soft brown hand, with its rounded finger tips, caught mine.

"Miss Norroway—Sophy," he almost gasped. "Stop—listen to me. I have come to—Sit down—here, under these maples, and read that note—read and answer it—not as it asks you, but with a word—a smile—a look. Life seems within my grasp once more!"

He sank upon the grass under the maples, and drew me down beside him.

In a sort of a dream I broke the seal and glanced over the first words of the page before me. It bore the date of ten years before, and reads thus:

"DEAR SOPHY—"

I tried to read on; but the letters danced before my eyes. I glanced at the signature and saw his name. The letter fluttered into my lap.

"Sophy," he pleaded, "read all, and answer me."

But there was no need. The truth had flashed upon me. The lost letter had been from him, asking me to be his wife, and he had taken silence for rejection of his suit. Oh, the cruel years of hidden sorrow—years that had changed me from a girl to a woman, that had chilled silver in the [illegible] locks of [illegible] for one careless [illegible] me.

"Andrew," I said, and was stretched [illegible] "Andrew!" I cried.

"If you love me [illegible] dearer to me [illegible] you not love me all the while," he said.

And the next moment I was clasped to his breast, and our lips met in their first kiss.

Have I told you enough? I will not sadden the story of my going back into those weary years of separation. I will not weary you with the chain of events which brought him on that day to New Rochelle and to the church porch. But I will tell you how, on one sunny morn, Queen Anne's bells in that old church steeple rang out a wedding chime, and my story ends with the hour that made me Andrew's wife.

A FELLOW whose countenance was enough to scare any one, was giving some extraordinary jabs in a public house, when he was observed by a Yankee, who, walking up, asked him if he did n't fail to hit a fellow when he was down.

"What do you mean, you impertinent scoundrel?"

"Why I didn't mean nothing, only you've got such a crooked mouth, I thought as how you might have fallen in the brook when you was a boy, and your mother hung you up by the mouth to dry."

TRUE.—Josh Billings may wear the fool's cap and bells, and his sayings provoke laughter, but in such a paragraph as the following there is quaintly conveyed only too much wisdom:

"Most enny man will concede that it looks very foolish to see a boy drag a heavy sled up a steep hill for the flectin pleshur of riding down again, but it appears to me that boy is a sage by the side of the young man hoo works hard all the week and drinx his stimps up Saturda nite."

GREAT WEIGHT.—Miss Helen Eckert, a young girl of about sixteen years, of this place, weighs now, we are told, over five hundred pounds. She is unable from her great weight to get out of the house. She may be seen at any time of the day at her father's house, seated in a large chair made for her. Her cheerfulness astonishes every one visiting her. As lively as a cricket she is delighted when friends call in to see and chat with her.—*Morning News.*

THE highest mountain in the world is the Ivy Gamin, 20,450 feet. The highest peak in the world is Mount Everest, 29,002 feet.—The highest permanently inhabited place in the world is Ladak, 15,117 feet. The greatest mountain hight visited by man is beyond Ivy Gamin, 22,350 feet. The highest point at which a man can ascend, without having his health seriously affected is 19,500 feet.—The highest balloon ascent yet made is 40,000 feet.

SCENE AT A CAMP MEETING.—Sister are you happy?'

'Yes, deacon, I feel as though I was in Beelzebub's bosom.'

'Not Belzebub's?'

'Well, some one of the patriarchs, I don't know which.'

COURTSHIP is often made up of the fact that the girl calls her beau a noble man, a hero, a genius; while he calls her a paragon of beauty and gentleness; and so they keep tickling each other till they get married; and then comes the scolding.

A CELEBRATED lawyer once said that the three most troublesome clients that he ever had was a young lady who wanted to be married, a married lady who wanted a divorce and an old maid who didn't know what she wanted.

QUILP, who has heretofore been a Universalist, believes there are two things destined to be lost—his umbrella and the man who stole it.

OPEN your mouth, but seldom, and never put to the point and purpose, shut it close, when misjudging friendship holds the glass to your lips.

THE Health officer at Chicago says that the talk about cattle disease was elicited by speculators whose interest it was to depress the market.

MRS. PARTINGTON has come to the conclusion that there is no use trying to catch soft water as long as it rains hard.

ONE preacher in Newburgh said to another: 'I came near selling my boots to-day.' 'Ah! how was that?' 'O, I had them half-soled.'

# The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Beaver, Pa., September 9, 1868.


FOR PRESIDENT,

## Ulysses S. Grant.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

## Schuyler Colfax.

### Republican State Ticket.

AUDITOR GENERAL.
GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

SURVEYOR GENERAL.
GEN. JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,
CAPT. JOSEPH B DONLEY,
Of Greene County.
FOR ASSEMBLY
THOMAS NICHOLSON.
H. J. VANKIRK.
A. J. BUFFINGTON.
FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY,
J. R. HARRAH.
FOR COMMISSIONER,
DAVID W. SCOTT.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.
S. A. DICKEY.
FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR,
JOHN SLENTZ.
FOR AUDITOR,
WILLIAM THOMAS.
FOR CORONER,
WILLIAM BARNES.
FOR TRUSTEES OF ACADEMY,
SAMUEL MAGAW.
RICHEY EAKIN.

REPUBLICAN meetings will be held at the following places at the times named, viz:

At New Brighton, Sept. 11th, at 1 o'clock P. M.

At Darlington, Sept. 16th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

At Fairview, Sept. 17th, at 1 o'clock, P. M

At New Sheffield, Sept. 18th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

At McCague's School House, Independence tp., Oct. 9th, 1868, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

Suitable speakers will address the people at the above places, who will be announced hereafter. Other meetings will be hereafter announced at other points in the county.

By order of the Co. Executive Com.
H. HICE, Chairman.

THE Grand Mass meeting of the Republican party of the county will be held in Beaver on Wednesday Sept. 23rd. Present understanding is that Gov. Geary, ex-Governor Curtin, Col. A. K. McClure and Hon. G. A. Grow will meet with us and address the people at that time.

REPUBLICANS, let us have a grand rally at the Court House on next Tuesday evening, (Sept. 8th.) H. BUCHER SWOPE of Clearfield county, one of the very best speakers in Pennsylvania, will be here to address the people. Let every nook and corner in the Court House be filled on that evening.

THERE is no denying the fact that one great reason why Democrats hate Grant, is because he was the means of killing off a quarter of a million of their voters—generally known as rebels. And, on our part, we don't hesitate to add that one reason why we know Seymour is not fit for the Presidency, is because he rendered aid and comfort to those who murdered a quarter of a million of our citizens—our Union voters.

OUR friends in Ohio township had a rousing meeting at Fairview on last Tuesday evening. The whole country turned out, including the wide-awake company and the drum corps from Beaver. Speeches were delivered by Messrs. Rutan, Harrah and Cook, after which the meeting gave three cheers for Grant, Colfax and Peace and then adjourned. Ohio township is on the alert, and will have her full vote out in October.

A CORRESPONDENT writing to the N. Y. *Tribune* from Niagara Falls, says: "You may be interested to hear that, in our town, which polls about five hundred votes, there were over sixty voters who intended to vote for Mr. Chase had he been nominated by the New York Convention, but have decided to vote for Grant and Colfax since the nomination of Seymour. Quite a number of them were War Democrats. They will not touch anything tinged with copper.

"BRICK" POMEROY'S paper in New York appears to be the entering wedge for a split in the Democratic party of that city. The silver-tongued, kid-gloved and aristocratic bondholders there will have nothing to do with "Brick" or his paper, and although the latter has been in existence for several weeks, the *World* has not yet recognized its existence and probably never will. "Brick" does not like this "snubbing" process, and intimates "war to the knife and the knife to the hilt" in due course of time.

LOOK at this official table of relief afforded you by a Republican Congress from the taxation rendered necessary by the rebellion of the Democratic party in 1860:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Taxes repealed by act of July 13, | 1866 | $40,000,000 |
| " " " " | Mar. 2, 1867 | 40,000,000 |
| " " " " | Feb. 3, 1868 | 25,709,000 |
| " " " " | Mar. 31, 1868 | 44,500,000 |
| " " " " | July 20, 1868 | 110,000,000 |
| Total tax taken off the people in three years | | $278,909,000 |

Will you have Grant, Colfax and Peace, and let this reduction of taxes go on; or Seymour, Blair and War, and an increase of debt?

THE election of Seymour means war. If he is chosen President there can be no doubt but that the reconstructed Governments will be overturned at the point of the bayonet if need be. We have Blair's word for it. The attempt to overturn them will cause a negro war—and justly. What then? We will be plunged into another vortex of strife, worse even than that from which we have escaped. Elect Grant, and the disappointed Rebels will yield to the decision of the loyal North, and Reconstruction, now so auspiciously progressing, will be happily completed. Which shall it be—peace or war?

ONE of the best replies we have noticed in the canvass is that of the Hon. John A. Bingham, of Ohio, who, while speaking at a Republican meeting in Bangor, Maine, was insulted by a Copperhead, who cried out, "How about Mrs. Surratt?" Mr. Bingham instantly responded:

How about her? Go and consult the records of the court that tried and convicted her. Go and ask Gen. Hancock, who issued the order for her execution in spite of a writ of habeas corpus which had been served upon him; and if you are still unsatisfied, go and ask that apostate President, Andrew Johnson, why he refused a pardon after a petition had been sent him signed by every member but one of the court who tried her, and drawn up in the handwriting of the man you seek to insult.

BRICK POMEROY'S La Crosse Democrat says:

Grant is made of the right stuff for a Republican President. He is a drunkard; a butcher of men; a seeker after spoils; the great national murderer; a betrayer; a fool.

The Hon. G. H. Pendleton is of a different opinion. In his recent speech at Bangor he bore manly tribute to the Republican candidates. We quote:

I shall not disparage the ability or character of our opponents. I would not, if I could, pluck one leaf from the laurels of Gen. Grant. Whatever may be his ability as a soldier he has stood the test of success, and, so far as I have known, he has borne himself with moderation and magnanimity in his high office. I have known Mr. Colfax well for many years. I have seen him in possession of great power. He is an amiable and estimable gentlemen, and would perform with dignity the duties of the high office to which he aspires.

THE Democracy of our Congressional district are just now doing a fearful amount of boasting. They affect to believe that Crawford, their candidate for Congress will be elected, and when pressed to know now that result is to be brought about, they give us these figures in the way of *majorities* in the respective counties:

| | Crawford. | Donley. |
|---|---|---|
| Beaver | | 400 maj. |
| Lawrence | | 1600 " |
| Washington | 800 maj. | |
| Greene | 2500 " | |
| | 3300 | 2000 |
| | 2000 | |
| | 1300 | |
| Maj. for Crawford in the dist. | 1000 | |

These are the Democratic figures on the Congressional result. Now look at ours, and after the October election see if we are not nearer the mark than our Democratic prophets:

| | Crawford. | Donley. |
|---|---|---|
| Beaver | | 1000 maj. |
| Lawrence | | 1900 " |
| Washington | | 200 " |
| Greene | 1600 maj. | |
| | 1600 | 3100 |
| | | 1600 |
| Maj. for Donley in dist. | | 1500 |

THE leaders of the Democracy of this county made an energetic attempt last Thursday to rally their forces at New Brighton. Posters were sent in every direction, runners were called into requisition, and the unterrified were beseught with all the appliances conceivable to attend at that time. They were informed that unless they rallied and made a favorable demonstration on that day, their opponents would take advantage of the circumstance, and herald it throughout the country that the Democracy of Beaver county were disheartened and already gave up the fight. Representations of this character drew together a pretty fair crowd of people at New Brighton, but not over one-half the number that were expected. Indeed we are informed by persons present, and in whose opinions we have the utmost confidence, that the crowd, estimating men, women and children, did not exceed twenty-five hundred persons. Of course a large number of these were Republicans, who were attracted thither only to hear what the Ku Klux speakers had to say. The "rally" therefore amounted to nothing in point of numbers, and as to enthusiasm, the article was nowhere to be found.

THE Democracy of Raccoon and Greene townships are just now endeavoring to "play a little game," which no doubt, they believe to be sharp. Two of the Poor House paupers hail from these townships. They have always been full-blooded cops. Recently they have ran away from the Poor House, and they have no hesitation in telling others that they purpose staying away until after the election, when they intend returning to their old quarters, to be fed and clothed at the public expense. There is no doubt but this enterprise has been mapped out for them by the Democracy of their respective townships, and our purpose now is to call the attention of the election officers to the matter, so that when these paupers come to offer their votes at the October election, they will know exactly what their legal status is, and what disposition the law requires to be made of their ballots. They were legally and regularly sent to the Poor House by official authority, and have never been discharged therefrom. They are at liberty now and roaming through the country without any one's consent save their own. Officers of Raccoon and Greene townships! sift the law in regard to the right of these persons to vote. If they are legally entitled to the ballot let them have it, but if not see that they do not get it.

OUR friends must go to work and keep at work, and then their work will be done in the right way and with the right results. The following suggestions deserve the attention of every Republican:

1. Form a Grant Club at once in every township, with an independent working organization in each election district.

2. Get the name of every Grant and Colfax voter in that district, and have him a member of the Club, if possible.

3. Next, record the name of every other voter in said district, with every one entitled to become or to be made a voter before November 3d.

4. See that every one who will read Republican papers is provided with at least one good one.

5. Make arrangements that will render the polling of an illegal vote in that district morally impossible.

6. Take care that—no matter what may be the weather—every Grant voter in that district shall be at the polls before noon of election day, and shall vote as early as may be possible.

7. Look out for the undecided or wavering, that they vote for us so far as may be.

Friends! such is the meaning of work. Are you already about it.

IF anybody has forgotten Mr. Robert Ould the Rebel Commissioner for the exchange of prisoners, it is not the fault of that gentleman himself, for he has lost no opportunity of keeping his name and his former functions before the public. The mission which he seems to have chosen since the close of the war is that of shifting the burden of responsibility for the sufferings of Union prisoners in the South from the shoulders of the Confederate authorities, where it belongs, to the officers of our own Government, who never relaxed their efforts to secure the liberation of our captive soldiers by a fair exchange. It will be remembered that he was summoned as a witness on the Wirz trial, and his testimony, had it been given on that occasion, might have settled the question forever; but unfortunately the Court ruled it irrelevant, and he was not examined. Since then he has been perpetually charging the blame upon one person after another according as the fancy took him. First he indicted Mr. Lincoln's Administration in the lump. Then he fixed the fault upon Secretary Stanton. Next he turned upon Gen. Butler, and the other day, in a letter to *The National Intelligencer*, he made out Gen. Grant to be the guilty man. Somebody hereupon has opportunely called to mind a letter of Mr. Ould's to the Rebel Gen. Winder, which has repeatedly been published, and proves conclusively that the Confederate proffers of exchange were honestly accepted by our Government, and that while we returned Southern prisoners in health and strength we received in their place unfortunate beings whom cruelty and starvation had reduced almost to the door of death. The letter was written from City Point while the exchange was in progress, and is well worth reprinting. It runs as follows:

SIR: A flag-of-truce boat has arrived with 350 political prisoners, Gen. Barrow and several other prominent men among them.

I wish you to send me at 4 o'clock, Wednesday morning, all the military prisoners (except officers) and all the political prisoners you have. If any of the political prisoners have on hand proof enough to convict them of being spies, or having committed other offenses which should subject them to punishment, so state opposite their names. Also state whether you think, under all the circumstances, they should be released.

*The arrangement I have made works largely in our favor. We get rid of a set of miserable wretches, and receive some of the best material I ever saw.*

ROBERT OULD, Agent of Exchange.

*Brig.-Gen. WINDER.*

THE Democratic candidate for Congress for this District, Mr. Crawford, appears, from all we can learn, to have a very "hard row to hoe." His friends claim him to be one of the "most eloquent men of Western Pennsylvania," but singularly enough his eloquence is so unappreciable in this county that but few attend his meetings or show a desire to be enlightened or benefitted by his oratory. During the past week he has spoken several times in this county, but at none of his meetings have his audiences amounted to anything but a mere handful of men. At Fairview, we are informed, but twenty-four persons were present, and these were so uncharitable as to beget the impression in the minds of those who were not present that Mr. Crawford and his friends had "left in disgust before the hour for the meeting arrived. At Darlington his success was but little better. At Industry about one hundred persons, including a good sprinkling of Republicans, were on the ground. At Hookstown the crowd was small, and so at all of his appointments on the south side of the river. The pole-raising in New Brighton on last Thursday attracted more of a multitude than he had met in the county before, and that audience was only about as large as some of our ordinary club meetings in this place. Mr. C. has doubtless made several political investments in his time, but we venture that this raid of his into Beaver county will profit him about as little as any one he has ever made.

### Soldiers, Head.

Who apologized for the wholesale starvation of 14,000 Union prisoners at Andersonville?

The Democratic party, by endeavoring to blame General Grant for that horrible affair.

Who tried to excuse the rebellion?

The Democratic party, by endeavoring to make out that the North inaugurated the rebellion.

Who apologized for the horrible atrocities committed by the "friends" of Governor Seymour during the great Copperhead riot in New York City.

The Democratic party, by trying to show that the government was to blame in not exempting New York city from the draft, and by nominating Gov. Seymour for the Presidency.

Who apologized for the burrying alive of Union prisoners at Fort Pillow?

The Democratic party, by admitting General Forrest as a delegate to their Convention.

Who apologized for the burning of the city of Columbia, South Carolina?

The Democratic party, by admitting that arch incendiary, Gen. Wade Hampton, to the same Convention.

Who apologized for the innumerable murders of Union men at the South by the Ku Klux Klan?

The Democratic party, by saying that the Ku Klux Klan are oppressed by the Government.

Who apologized for the assassination of Lincoln?

The Democratic party, by giving Brick Pomeroy, the eulogist of Wilkes Booth, the largest subscription list of any Copperhead paper in the country.

Who apologized for the destruction of American commerce by the pirate Semmes?

The Democratic party, by acknowledging him to be one of their leaders.

Who apologized for the course of that notorious Copperhead traitor Vallandigham?

The Democratic party, by nominating him for Governor in 1863.

Why is the Democratic party emphatically the friend of the rebels?

Because its leaders are eternally trying to excuse the course of the rebels in warring against the Union, firing on the old flag, starving Union prisoners, murdering loyal men, exalting rebel generals, vilifying and slandering loyal soldiers like Generals Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Thomas, Sickles, Meade and their brave boys in blue, by calling them Lincoln's hirelings.

OUR Republican friends of Darlington township opened the campaign in their locality on last Wednesday evening. Capt. G. L. Eberhart, of New Brighton, was the speaker of the hour, and entertained his audience in a very creditable manner. The meeting was presided over by Samuel Caughey, Esq. The Republicans of Darlington township are wide-awake, and notwithstanding the influx of a large number of miners of the Democratic persuasion, will be able to hold their own at the fall elections. A grand rally of Republicans will again take place in Darlington on next Thursday evening. A torchlight procession will be one of the attractions at that time. Good speakers will also be on the ground. Let them have a large audience.

THE Republican meeting at the Court House on last Saturday evening was an excellent one. W. C. Moreland Esq of Pittsburgh delivered a very able and effective speech, to a densely packed court house. Prof. Pope, a fine singer, also from Pittsburgh, favored the audience with a number of campaign songs. It is needless to say that they were favorably received by the large audience present.

## INTERVIEW WITH GENERAL LONGSTREET.

### Gen. Grant His Candidate for the Presidency.

Yesterday's edition of the late Rebellion, Gen. James Longstreet, arrived in New York. Since the war he accepted the situation and has used his influence to counsel and guide his people and to lead them safely back to an enduring peace. Yesterday evening a reporter of THE TRIBUNE called upon the General at the New York Hotel. Imagine seated at a table, a tall, well-built man in full suit black. The face is a manly, pleasant one, the beard is neatly and grizzled and the cheeks are flushed. The forehead is high and the eyes are grey and soft in expression. The mouth squarely cut features decision, and there is that quiet resolute air about him that reminded one of Gen. Grant, whom he strongly resembles in looks and manner. Although suffering from an attack of fever he bore himself resolutely above pain, and after dinner conversed freely upon affairs in the Southern States. As a portion of the conversation bears directly upon the coming campaign I give it in full.

*Reporter*—Do you think we will have better days in the Southern States?

*Gen. Longstreet*—Assuredly. The cotton crop has been very large this year, and we will soon have capital of our own to work upon.

*Rep.*—Suppose Seymour is elected, do you think we will have another war?

*Gen. L.*—I cannot say as to that, but I believe that if he is elected it will open all those old issues, and we will have trouble; but I don't think he will be elected.

*Rep.*—What do you think of Grant?

*Gen. L.*—He is my man. I believe he is a fair man. I met him at West Point. I think he is above meanness. He stands to grand.

*Rep.*—There is one thing I would like to ask. It is in regard to the negro.

*Gen. L.*—(smiling)—I will tell you all I know.

*Rep.*—Will he keep his contracts in regard to labor?

*Gen. L.*—I can relate my own experience. My men have worked well. They like to have a white man come out in the field and tell them what to do. There was always a class of lazy men who would sit in their houses and give their orders. Those men deserve to have trouble.

*Rep.*—And in regard to jury trials—I mean negroes upon a jury bench?

*Gen. L.*—In some cases that is bad—for instance, where an action involves an account. Negroes generally are ignorant upon intricate matters of business. But, if a district is disposed to do right with them, the jury may be divided—white and black. They (the negroes) soon learn, and appreciate the position.

*Rep.*—About negro supremacy?

*Gen. L.*—Ah, that can never be; it is silly to think of it. They can be stronger than they are to-day and the whites of the South know it, but they are misled by the politicians.

*Rep.*—In regard to the acts of Reconstruction?

*Gen. L.*—I advise my friends to accept them and come in to the Union and try to bring about peace, and prosperity. I told the people of Alabama, if they would not be guided by the politicians they would come out all right.

*Rep.*—And you think it will come out all right?

*Gen. L.*—I do; the crops are large. The cotton crop is worth $200,000,000. That is a step toward bringing about the desired result. Chase was my man. I think if nominated he could have been elected, and the Southern people would rally about him without knowing it; I cannot vote for Seymour; but any way, I think good times are not far distant.

### Vallandigham A Rebel Agent.

Capt. Francis Johns, commander of the steamer Harriet Pinckney, in which Vallandigham ran the blockade after he was sent south for disloyalty, has made an affidavit in which he states that Vallandigham, whom the Ohio Democrats have just nominated for Congress, was a party to a Confederate plot to make a diversion at the North in favor of Gen. Lee's army. Capt. Johns says:

"I was hurriedly dispatched by Major Norman S. Walker, the Confederate Agent there, on to Halifax, to convey a certain number of Confederates then at Bermuda, some 22, or 23 in all, most of them officers of various ranks, among whom I remember the undermentioned: C. L. Vallandigham, Col. Theburn, Col. Pringle, Col. Black, Col. Sweeney, Capt. Hartstein, Capt. Styles. The names of others I am at present unable to state, as there was no list of passengers made or allowed to be made. Before getting out I had several conversations with Major Walker, relative to this expedition. He stated definitely and positively that it was a secret mission organized at Richmond which Vallandigham was at the head of; that they were to have mob meetings in the cities of Boston and New York to create a diversion in favor of Gen. Lee, and of the Southern army then about to invade the North. I was expressly directed by Major Walker to proceed without a moment's delay, as Mr. Vallandigham and the others were bound to be in Boston and New York before the 4th of July, the day on which the mob meetings were to take place in those cities. He hurriedly was I dispatched; that I was obliged to take on with me to Halifax two-thirds of my cargo, consisting of rifles, saltpeter, and various munitions of war, which I had not time to discharge. During the passage the objects of the expedition were constantly and freely canvassed, and plans laid for carrying out the same. Their purpose was to incite mobs in the cities; to raise a revolution in the North, if possible, and thereby create a diversion in favor of Gen. Lee and the Southern army. Vallandigham was the acknowledged head or chief, and all the arrangements were made under his immediate supervision. He arranged everything and ordered everything, and was clearly the moving lever in the whole affair, having come direct from Richmond, by the way of Wilmington, for the express purpose of conducting it. I had several private chats with him in regard to the expedition. He said it was one of vital importance to the Confederacy, and was undertaken under the sanction and by authority of the Richmond Government; that he himself was at the head of it. I recollect particularly a conversation had with him sitting together on the bridge on the morning of the 26th of June, two days before we reached Halifax. He spoke of the dangers attending the enterprise, but said that once in Boston he should be safe, for he would then be among friends—men that he knew. He then showed me his letter of authority under which he was acting, and which gave him the supervision of the whole affair. It was addressed to C. L. Vallandigham, and signed by Mr Mallory."

It would be interesting to know whether the Democracy of the IIId Ohio District nominated Vallandigham for Congress on this part of his record or not. The fact thus apparent, that Vallandigham was instrumental as a Confederate agent in exciting the New York riots, seems to explain his nomination of Gov. Seymour for President. The "friends" of Gov. Seymour were not only the "friends" but the agents of Vallandigham.

### The Bonds And What We Got For Them.

We quote the annexed paragraph from the eloquent and powerful speech made by Hon. R. R. Carnahan, at Steubenville, on Saturday last:

It is said that full value was not paid for these bonds? What was given was accepted as full value, and in fact those sold in 1861 and in 1862 were purchased with coin or its equivalent. The war actually began in April, 1861. Until February, 1862, the paper currency was at par with gold. From that period until July, 1862, the premium on gold ranged from one to five per cent. From July 1861 to January 1862, the average premium was 2½ per cent; but prices had not yet become inflated, and the paper currency was practically the equivalent of coin.

During these twenty-one months of the war a large portion of the bonds were sold including the $250,000,000 authorized by the act of 18th of July, 1861, and the $500,000,000 5-20's of February 25th, 1862. All of these were paid for in gold or its practical equivalent. In 1862 the average premium of gold was 48¼ per cent. and in 1864 102½. Of course the loss in discounts to the government was very great, or rather the loss of the citizen was great. But the act of Congress of March 3rd, 1864, authorizing the issue of $200,000,000 of bonds, called the 10-40s, specifically provides for their payment in coin. You will observe that the bonds issued when the "greenbacks" were at the lowest figure, are expressly made payable in gold. Does not this show that the Chase Senate intended to preclude any doubt as to how and in what currency the bonds should be paid?

FOR THE ARGUS.

### European Correspondence.

LONDON, August 10th, 1868.

As an prejudiced American, who has not come abroad with the determination to find nothing in English manners and customs equal to that which is to be found in his own country, will be greatly interested, and instructed and find many things to admire among the different objects coming under his notice during a stay in England, and though there may be some things in which he may consider America to have the advantage, he will be forced to confess that in many, very many, things, we, yet have, quite a considerable progress before we can hope to rival our cousins on this side of the water. Acknowledging this much, however, I think he will consider that in one particular, that of deference to the female sex, we are a step in advance of the residents of this older country; for in every instance coming under my observation thus far, I have found women treated as though they were fully equal to take care of themselves, an left to do so. In public assemblages I have found this particularly the case, the weaker sex being pushed around and crowded upon in a manner quite unusual in our country, but, probably from being used to it, they seem quite able to take care of themselves. It was only a few days ago that I saw, in one of the most frequented streets, a man assault a woman, striking her repeatedly with his fists, while a crowd of great, burly Englishmen stood calmly by and witnessed the occurrence, without ever venturing to remark against it. Such a thing would not, I venture to say, be witnessed in any American city without the assaulting party receiving such punishment as he certainly richly deserved, at the hands of the observers, and it was with difficulty that I could keep from interfering, but being a small man and a stranger I thought it best to let the battle be decided as it might, and I preserved a strict neutrality, as did the valiant natives on this side when, a few years ago, there was war on our side of the water. In the matter of

RAILWAY AND RAILWAY STATIONS,

however, there is as much that is different from our own country that an American must needs notice it. The English railway carriage is generally divided into three compartments, completely separated from each other, with doors opening at each side, the compartments at each end, over the trucks, being mostly demonitized second-class, and the centre compartment first-class. The second class compartments on some roads are better than on others, but generally are cushioned with leather, sufficiently high to enable the passenger to rest the head against the cushion, and with two benches arranged to accommodate eight persons, who sit facing each other. A lamp is suspended from the centre of the roof, and the only ventilation supplied by windows over the doors, which can be opened or closed at pleasure. Windows at the sides supply light, but cannot be opened. Racks are provided for small baggage, (or luggage, as it is called in this country,) and altogether, second-class accommodations are quite comfortable, unless the cars are very much crowded: but inconvenience from this cause is rare, as so many cars are generally provided. The first-class compartments, for the most part, accommodate six passengers, with seats the same as in the second-class, except that there is a division between the seats, similar to the arrangement on some of our own railways, and the upholstering is cloth or plush, the padding extending to the roof of the car. Somewhat more liberal accomodation is given, as for stowing away small luggage, and the floor mostly carpeted. The third-class carriage is generally seperate from the others, but in some instances one of the three compartments of the same carriage in which are the other two classes, and is, in internal arrangement, very much the same as the other classes, but without cushioning of any kind, or accommodations for luggage inside. The railways are built in the most substantial manner, with bridges and tunnels numerous, and built as though to last forever, and from this circumstance, and the manner in which the cars are coupled together, such jolting and bouncing as one experiences on our own roads is never to be thought of. Besides, there is great freedom from dust, the sides of embankments being sodded and in many cases planted with flowers, making the view pleasant indeed. Greater speed is achieved than would be thought of on our roads, the trains on the London and Northwestern Railway making the run from Liverpool to London, a distance of two hundred and twelve miles, in five hours, only stoping four times on the way. By a newly introduced arrangement, the engine is supplied with water without stopping, the device by which this is done being simply a long trough placed between the rails, into which a suction pipe from the engine is introduced as the train moves, and the supply of water taken. All railway stations are of the most substantial character, and some of them really handsome buildings, and arranged in every way to provide for the comfort of travelers, the system being so perfect that it is almost an impossibility for the traveler to commit an error in taking his train, everything being plainly lettered, and attentive, uniformed officials always on hand to give information. Refreshment saloons are generally to be found, where catables of all kinds are to be had. The first, second and third class booking or ticket offices are in different parts of the building, and there is no unpleasant crowding in procuring tickets, and none but those who are holders of tickets are permitted near the cars, the tickets being examined on entering a gate when you take your train and given up at the depot when you leave the train. Everything is done upon the most perfect system, the advantages of which are most apparent to those who are unaccustomed to such accommodations. Every precaution is taken against accident, the roads being fenced in to prevent animals from obstructing the roadway, and the human species kept from walking the track by laws providing heavy fines for so doing, and also a fine for getting on or off a train when in motion. Every inducement is held out to induce travel, and at this season of the year particularly, excursion trains at reduced fares are run on nearly all railways, and the public made aware of the fact by most extensive advertising of it. In all parts of London and the adjacent country may be seen, on blank walls, fences, &c., huge posters with, "To Brighton and back every Sunday and Monday for three shillings," and "Nine hours at Brighton every Sunday and Monday for three shillings." The same announcement is to be seen staring you in the face from the tops of omnibuses, at railway stations, and in fact everywhere you happen to go. The public, seeing this so much, are not long in finding out that the London, Brighton and South Coast Railway will, on any Sunday or Monday, take you to Brighton, on the sea coast, about fifty miles from London, allow a stay of nine hours and furnish passage back to London, for three shillings, or about one dollar currency at present rates. As a consequence the trains are crowed and many of the poorer classes are enabled to indulge in a dip in the sea, possibly several times during the season, and the road derives a pecuniary benefit from it. So it is on all railway lines. Some interesting spot is made of easy and cheap access, and the fact made known, and crowds flock to it, both the railways and the people being the gainers thereby. Intimately connected with the railway system, is the

CAB SYSTEM,

one of the greatest boons to travelers to be found on this side of the water, and one which any American who has ever suffered (and who has not?) from the extravagant charges and extortion of hackney coach drivers in the principal cities of the United States will most fully appreciate. The cabs (all one-horse vehicles) have completely superceded hackney coaches in the "Great City" no two-horse vehicle of the kind being seen now. They are of two kinds, "Hansoms" and four-wheelers, the former (called after its inventor) having two large wheels, open in front, with an arrangement for closing at pleasure, seats for two and a seat for the driver perched up behind. The four-wheelers have two seats and two doors, and entirely closed, and carry four persons, while on top there is plenty of room for baggage. These vehicles ply for hire all over the city and are a great convenience in visiting the many objects of interest with which the city abounds; while at the railway station that the traveler first approaches their service. The rates of fare are regulated by law, and at all railway stations a tariff of fares is kept posted with rates to different points, and the passenger has only to consult this, call his cab and be driven to his destination at a cost of a six pence per mile for one or two persons and a reasonable additional for each extra passenger. A reasonable amount of baggage will be carried free. Cab drivers seldom exact more than the proper fare, but I fancy few Americans who come over to this side would grumble if twice the regular fare was collected, so accustomed are they, to high prices at home. In nearly all the large cities the cab system exists, and is found so satisfactory that it seems very singular that some enterprising Yankee has not attempted the introduction of the article into the principal cities of the United States at least. There is a prejudice in our country against one-horse vehicles, I am aware, and it is certain that the "wear and tear" of horse, flesh and vehicles would be greater than here, owing to our rough streets, but then if London cabs are profitable at the prices charged here they would be profitable at home at an advance of fifty per cent., which would still be much below what we now have to pay.

I have said this much of cabs and railways, noticing the favorable aspects, but I do not wish it to be understood that I consider English railways or railway carriages ahead of those at home, in every particular, but on the contrary I am disposed to think that there are some things that could be adopted here with considerable advantage to all parties concerned. Among these one of the most important is a cabin on the locomotive, for the protection of the engineer, for on all the engines used here he has to stand exposed to the weather, no matter what the nature of it is. To the suggestion that a change in this respect would be beneficial you will receive answer that the climate here is such that such a protection as our engineers enjoy is quite unnecessary, the summer weather not being so extremely warm, nor the winter so very cold as with us; but as the inhabitants of this section have been treated to some very warm weather this season, (the thermometer on several occasions reaching 180 in the sun, a degree of heat quite unusual in this country,) they may have reason to modify their opinions. Another advantage we possess is the bell-rope, enabling any person to communicate with the engineer upon occasions where it may be necessary at the instant. Strange as it may seem, so opposed are the English to anything new, that they steadily refuse to adopt so simple a means of preventing trouble or of furnishing aid in time of trouble, and, and as yet the only means of communication with the guard is at stations, which, on express trains, are few and far between. Another advantage we claim is one affecting the health of every railway passenger, and that is the water closets which are connected with nearly every first-class car on American roads. No such thing is yet to be found in this country, and, like communication with the guard, nature must only receive attention at regular stations, which is very inconvenient. To the two last suggestions of improvement, I have found no one who can give any reason why they should not be adopted, except in the latter case the construction of the cars would prevent it. This may the case, and it would be quite impossible to alter the present arrangement of the cars you know.

However, there are many things which will give pleasure to an American in traveling on English railways, and which he would, if an unprejudiced man, freely say could be adopted at home, and the change be for the better, and from observation at home I think the day is not far distant when we shall have a most perfect system, for we are a progressive people, while those on this side are content to move along in the same channel their forefathers moved in, unable to discover when a change for the better can be made.

The people generally are beginning to appreciate "the States," as they are called, and on every hand expressions of good feeling are quite common, all of which we must take to be sincere until the contrary be proven.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

I remarked above that there had been some particular warm weather experienced here this season, in fact, so warm a summer has not been known within the memory of the oldest inhabitant. No rain of any consequence has fallen for several months, and all over the land evidence is given by the parched up appearance of everything that rain is very greatly needed. "The green fields of Merry England" are this season not to be seen, and the beauty of the landscape suffers thereby. Notwithstanding the dry weather good crops of grain are said to be expected, but roots of all kinds will yield but poorly. Butter and cheese are advancing daily, and vegetables, &c., higher than for many seasons past.

B.

### "A White Man's Government."

For an example of the mode in which the Southern Democracy occasionally vary their occupation in shooting "Radical niggers," by trying to coax them to become "colored Democrats," we submit the annexed catechism, which has been prepared for the use of the Virginia freedmen by the Richmond *Whig*, one of the leading Democratic rebel journals of the South. It covers the whole ground, with more than usual fidelity to the truth, and makes very fair reading for the Democrats hereabouts, who believe in "a white man's government." The *Whig* says:

Who gave the negroes the right of suffrage in New York? The Democratic party.

Who presided over the Convention which gave this privilege to negroes? Martin Van Buren, a Democrat.

Who afterwards elected Martin Van Buren President of the United States? The Democratic party.

Who married a negro woman and by her had mulatto children? Richard M. Johnson, a good Democrat.

Who elected Richard M. Johnson Vice President of the United States? The Democratic party.

If President Van Buren had died, and Richard M. Johnson had become President who would have become the Democratic mistress of the White House? This negro woman.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic party.

Who gave the negro a right to vote in New-Hampshire? The Democratic party.

Who permitted every colored person owning $250 in New York to become a voter? General Assembly purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before settling in that State? The Democratic party.

Who made mulattoes legal voters in Ohio? A Democratic Supreme Court, of which Reuben Wood was Chief Justice.

What became of Reuben Wood? The Democratic party elected him Governor three times.

Who helped to give free negroes the right to vote in Tennessee under the Constitution of 1797? Gen. Jackson.

Was General Jackson a good Democrat? He generally passed as such.


## New Advertisements.

G. T. PARKER.
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
TENDERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO the citizens of Rochester and surrounding towns. He would say that he pays particular attention to Surgery. His new mode of distinguishing diseases enables him to offer great relief to persons suffering with chronic diseases. He will also aid other physicians in surgery and the diagnosis of difficult cases by having timely notice.
Office on the Diamond, two doors east of Conway's store, and nearly opposite Mr. Johnson's grocery, Rochester, Beaver county, Pa.
sept3'68.

LOST
IN NEW BRIGHTON, AUGUST 27th, 1868, a Silver Police Star, valuable as a present, the finder will be rewarded by dropping me a line, as I may get it.
P. M. ANDERSON, Constable.
Rochester August 30th, 1868.

QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP
For doing a family washing in the best and cheapest manner. Guaranteed equal to any in the world! Like all the strength of old fresh soap, with the mild and lathering qualities of genuine Castile. Try this splendid Soap. Sold by the ALDEN CHEMICAL WORKS 46 North Front Street, Philadelphia.
sept3'68.

FALL AND WINTER
GOODS!
THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM his friends and the public generally that he has just received a new stock of goods of the latest styles for Summer and Spring wear, which he offers at very moderate rates.
GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Clothing made to order on the shortest possible notice.
Thankful to the public for past favors, I hope by close attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.
DANIEL MILLER.
BRIDGE ST., BRIDGEWATER, PA.

FLOUR! FLOUR!
S. J. Cross & Co's.
RETAIL PRICES REDUCED.
BEST WHITE WHEAT
WARRANTED.

| | |
|---|---|
| 25 lb sack, | $ 1,45 |
| 50 " " | 2,90 |
| Barrel, | 11,50 |

Second Quality, "STARK COUNTY."

| | |
|---|---|
| 25 lb sack, | $ 1,22 |
| 50 " " | 2,44 |
| Barrel, | 9,75 |

Rochester, June 1st, 1868-tf.

FLOUR! FLOUR!! FLOUR!!!
CHEAP AT
J. B. CLARK'S,
BEAVER, PA.
BEST QUALITY.

| | |
|---|---|
| 25 lb Sack | $1 50 |
| 50 " " | 3 00 |
| Barrel | 11 50 |

SECOND QUALITY.

| | |
|---|---|
| 25 lb Sack | $1 25 |
| 50 " " | 2 50 |
| bbl. | 10 00 |

aug10'68.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
FOR SALE.
THE UNDERSIGNED, EXECUTOR OF THE last will and testament of Samuel Hoyt, late of Industry town.ship, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, by virtue of an authority contained in said last will and testament, will expose to public sale, on the premises, on
SATURDAY, September 19, 1868,
at 2 o'clock, P. M., all that certain farm or parcel of land situated in Industry township aforesaid, on the waters of Wolf run, one mile from the village of Industry on the Cleveland & Pittsburg R. R., adjoining lands of John Mason, James Neville, Dr. S. F. Cummins and others; containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES strict measure. About 80 acres cleared, and under the whole farm; a dwelling house on the premises, and other necessary improvements. Also, one other lot

# The Beaver Argus.

BEAVER, SEPTEMBER 2, 1868.


## Local and Miscellaneous.

**The ARGUS has now a larger circulation than any paper published in the county Advertisers will promote their own interests by bearing this in mind.**

### RATES OF ADVERTISING.

| FIRE. | 3w. | 6w. | 3m. | 6m. | 1y. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| One square—10 lines | $3 00 | $3 00 | $5 00 | $8 00 | 10 00 |
| Two squares | 3 00 | 5 00 | 7 00 | 10 00 | 15 00 |
| Three squares | 5 00 | 6 00 | 9 00 | 11 00 | 18 00 |
| Four squares | 6 00 | 8 00 | 10 00 | 15 00 | 21 00 |
| One-fourth column | 7 00 | 10 00 | 14 00 | 18 00 | 28 00 |
| One-half column | 10 00 | 14 00 | 17 00 | 25 00 | 40 00 |
| One column | 20 00 | 25 00 | 30 00 | 40 00 | 75 00 |

Administrators' and Executors' Notices ..... $3 00
Special Notices, per line, ..... 10

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except Transient Advertising, which must be paid in Advance.

State of the Thermometer for the week ending on the 30 h of August, 1868:

| | 7 A. M. | 2 P. M. | 9 P. M. |
|---|---|---|---|
| August 21, | 63 deg. | 84 deg. | 78 deg. |
| " 25, | 61 deg. | 84 deg. | 74 deg. |
| " 26, | 64 deg. | 84 deg. | 76 deg. |
| " 27, | 64 deg. | 85 deg. | 75 deg. |
| " 28, | 66 deg. | 88 deg. | 78 deg. |
| " 29, | 71 deg. | 85 deg. | 74 deg. |
| " 30, | 74 deg. | 80 deg. | 78 deg. |

R. T. TAYLOR.

**Wm. Bingham, Jr.,** 70 Fifth street, Chronicle building, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for THE ARGUS in that city.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The attention of the public is directed to the following new advertisements, which appear for the first time in THE ARGUS to-day:

☞ Lost—F. M. Anderson.
☞ Homœopathy in Physician, &c.—O. T. Parker.
☞ Soap, Soap—Alden Chemical Works.
☞ Fall and Winter Goods—Daniel Miller.
☞ Flour, Flour—S. J. Crose & Co.
☞ Special Notice—Eli Reed.
☞ Special Notice—Allison & Johnson.
☞ Special Notice—G. A. R.

**A. H. Moore, Esq.,** temporarily in the oil regions of this State, has our thanks for several Titusville and Warren papers.

**Mr. Wm. Smith** of Washington Penn'a., lately sold a young man in his employ to grease the wagon. He did grease it, and grease it effectually—tongue, axles, bed and cushions.

**Our Thanks** are due Henry Goehring, Esq., of New Sewickly township, for a basket of ripe apples. They were of the "July sweets" variety, and decidedly pleasant "to take."

**At a late Republican procession in Washington** county, the Democrats threw stones at and otherwise harrassed the rear of the column. We are not surprised at this. It is just what they were employed in during the war.

**A Straw.**—A vote was taken last week on the steamer running from Baltimore to Washington, filled with the men bound for the scene of the prize fight between Collyer and Edwards. Here is the result:—Seymour 98; Grant 4. Rough, isn't it?

**Dr. Johnson** said, "Young Man! study while you are young." We advise all young persons to get an education. You can get more for your time and money at the State Normal School at Edinboro than at any other institution known to us.

**Teacher Selected.**—Miss Clara Donahoo of Beaver was selected on last Friday Evening by the school directors of this place to take charge of room No. 3 in our public school, for the remainder of the present school year. School opened on last Monday, under favorable auspices.

**Crawford,** the confederate nominee for Congress, went south to aid the rebels. He was an open secessionist during the war. His friends never denied it and he does not deny it now. A Knight of the Golden Circle would make a fine representative in Congress from the loyal 24th District!—*Washington Reporter.*

**Hopewell Tp.**—The Republicans of Hopewell township, this county, held a meeting at New Sheffield on last Monday night. Messrs. Eberhart and Patrick were selected as the two speakers. We have not heard the particulars of the meeting but have scarcely a doubt but that it was a success, as there is no discount on the Hopewell Republicans.

**Serious Accident.**—On Tuesday evening last, while Mary Hopkins was crossing the race on a plank at the paper mill above Beaver Falls, she slipped, and fell the distance of 15 feet and broke her collar bone, sprained her wrist, and bruised herself considerably. A physician was called in, and she is now recovering slowly.

**Our Widows and Orphans.**—The incomes of the widows and orphans who are pensioned because their husbands or fathers were killed by the rebels, depend upon the credit of the Government. The Democracy advocate practical repudiation, which will destroy this credit. The rebels would rejoice to beggar the survivors of those whom they starved in prison.

*Editor of The Beaver Argus:*

I notice improvements in the streets of Bridgewater and Rochester, which will add much to the comfort of travelers in both places. It would be pleasant should the same spirit a cize our council. We are sadly in need of side walks in this borough. It would be advisable to pass an ordinance compelling people to pave their property, would it not?

CITIZEN.

**Personal.**—Dr. F. F. Davis, of Oil City, and the rental editor of the Oil City *Republican* was in town last week on a visit to some relatives residing in this vicinity. He reports the Republican fires to be burning brightly in Venango county, and claims that that county will give a heavier majority for our ticket this year than it ever did before. We are glad to learn that the Dr. is doing a good business in the oil regions. He deserves success and is receiving it.

OHIO TOWNSHIP, BEAVER CO., PA., August 28th, 1868.

*Editor of The Beaver Argus:*

When Mr. Crawford, the Democratic candidate for Congress, and his Beaver town friends come out here again to speak to the *grind*, as they did on last Monday night, please tell them to keep their whisky bottle a little more private when they are about our wells.—We don't want our children to see the "critter," much less learn to imbibe the ugly stuff. So asks one, who was THERE.

**Had his Jaw Broken.**—On last Sunday a man named John Flannery was discovered on the outskirts of Beaver, with his under jaw broken, and a number of other severe bruises on the head and neck. He represents that in a fight the night before at Beaver Falls some one used a sling-shot on him and damaged him to the above extent. He lives in or near Industry, this county. His clothes being very bloody, a change of linen was provided, and in the evening he left for his home, at the town above named. He could not give the name of his assailant.

**Chippewa Tp.**—The Republicans of Chippewa township held a large and enthusiastic meeting at Dunlap's School House, on last Saturday evening.—Large delegations were in attendance from New Brighton and Beaver Falls. Wm. Thomas, Esq., presided. Messrs. Eberhart, Morlan, and McIntyre, all of New Brighton and vicinity, delivered the addresses, which were well received by those present. Chippewa is beginning to wake up to the fact that if we want peace we must elect Grant and Colfax; or, if it is another war we are after, then Seymour and Blair should be our choice.

BLACKHAWK, PA., Aug. 29th, 1868.

*Editor Argus:* I am informed that the Democrats of Beaver and vicinity have caused a report to be circulated to the effect that I have abandoned the Republican party, and intend supporting their ticket at the fall elections. Allow me to say that all this is false. I am as thorough a Republican now as I ever was in my life, and I never had and have not now the slightest intention of ever supporting a party that is manaced and controlled by those who either fought against the country openly or secretly during the rebellion. I shall therefore vote this year as I always have, Voted heretofore—for the whole Republican ticket, from President down to Trustee of the Academy.

ISAIAH MORGAN.

*Editor of The Beaver Argus:*

At a Seymour and Blair meeting held not 5 miles from the Court House, on Saturday evening, after Mr. Crawford had finished his speech the venerable President arose and proposed three cheers for Seymour & *Grant*. A few sickly, weak cheers went up for Seymour from the aliens, women, and children and a few men, but the cheers for Grant from the hard fisted noble men, were given with a will, and were such as made the welkin ring. The Democrats felt very, very much charrined to think the venerable Chairman, who has stood the storms of 80 years, and been true to the faith, should show such symptoms of his desire to see the great Captain elected President of the United States.

FREEDOM.


**The Great American Hair Preparation,** valued at home and abroad, a real Hair Restorer or Dressing (in one bottle.) A great triumph of science. Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S IMPROVED, (*new style.*) Every Druggist sells it. Price, one Dollar. [aug26'68:4t.


**Poetry.**

'Tis all in vain to me now
My race is almost run;
My friends may shout, and curse and pout,
But a victory can't be won.
Grant will win the day,
The people are with him I know,
And all our flings and mock Blair sings
Will only end in woe.

CHORUS.

Oh boys, carry me long
I'm spurned "by the boys in blue,"
They are joined in a band for Grant's the man,
And our pet nigger howl won't do.

Our country is sadly wrong,
'Tis united for Grant I'd say,
In every place both small and great
They are bound to defeat me too;
The Soldiers are everywhere,
And they can't be gulled by lies,
They are up to snuff and will handle me rough,
So Blair it is no use to try.

CHORUS.

Oh boys, carry me long
I'm spurned "by the boys in blue,"
They are joined in a band for Grant's the man,
And our pet nigger howl won't do.

In every thing we've failed,
The people don't seem to be green,
The Greenback plan is all a sham,
And we have swallowed the scheme.
Our shrieks don't seem to take.
The masses don't mind them a bit,
And our nigger howl and traitorous scowl
Are but 'a dead cock in the pit.'

CHORUS.

Oh boys, carry me long
I'm spurned "by the boys in blue,"
They are joined in a band for Grant's the man,
And our pet nigger howl wont do.

I am sick and sorry and sore,
My heart is bursting with pain,
And the great Grant throng, with shout and song,
Will handle me roughly again;
Oh Policy! what shall I do?
Oh Blair I fear it is so;
With all our lies and shrieks and sighs,
I to Washington never can go.

**Rochester Public School.**—The addition to the Public School building in Rochester is nearly complete. It consists of four rooms. The entire building has enlarged, will contain eight beautiful school rooms, four of which will be 24x44 and four 24x35 feet in size, and a hall through the house, 9x85 feet. The enlargements and improvements will cost about four thousand (4,000) dollars, and when complete will be the best public school building in the county, and the largest but one. The contractors Messrs. Miller, Dobson & Trax, are entitled to much credit for their energy and promptness in pushing the work to completion in time for the fall term, which will commence on Monday, Sept. 7th, with Prof. J. J. Rockwell principal, and Misses Reno, Tucker, Gray, Moorhead and Decker, assistants.

It is very desirable that all who expect to attend the School should be present promptly at the commencement of the term. Parents and guardians cannot fail to see the importance of this request.

**Beaver.**—That the Republicans of Beaver county are keenly alive to the great issues of the hour, was amply evidenced by one of the largest political gatherings that ever assembled within its limits, on Friday evening, in the town of Beaver. The people turned out *en masse* and the meeting grew to such massive proportions that the commodious Court House was found entirely too small for the occasion, and an adjournment to the public grounds surrounding it was rendered necessary. Messrs. Donley and Thos. M. Marshall addressed the meeting. The latter made one of the most powerful speeches of the campaign, and though his remarks filled two hours and a half and extended beyond midnight, the meeting cried, "go on!" "go on!" as he concluded his speech. The Republicans of Beaver county will do their full duty at the approaching elect ion.—*Pittsburgh Gazette.*

**Information Wanted.**—We have received the following from Hookstown, Pa.: On the 19th day of May, 1868, my husband, Daniel L. Crider, left home on business with the understanding that he would return in one week, but I have never heard of him since.—Mr. Crider's business was peddling notions and jewelry. He is thirty-six years of age, five feet ten inches high, slim and neatly formed, auburn hair, blue eyes, fair complexion and large whiskers. Three of his front teeth are out, and when he left home he wore a light gray suit. He is a fluent talker. Any person seeing this notice and can give any information in regard to my husband will confer a great favor on one that is left very destitute. MALINDA CRIDER.
Hookstown, Beaver Co., Pa., August 24, 1868.

**Letter List.**—The following letters have remained in the Beaver Post office for one month, uncalled for:

Mrs Zilla A. Bihn, C. S. Buckler, Mr. James Buff (care of Jas. Lenhert), J. M. Burns, Esq.
Mrs. Mary A. Coon.
Mr. Presely Dunlap, Mr. A. A. Davidson.
Martin Fowler.
Marion Hull.
William Jordan.
Mrs. O. H. Lace 2.
Mr. R. H. Langdon.
R. Rothrock, Esq., Nancy Reed.
Mr. Allen Taylor 2.
Rev. Dr. Williams. M. A. McGAFFICK, P. M.
September 1st, 1868.

**Republican Rally at Freedom.**—The Republicans of Freedom Boro., met on Tuesday evening, Aug. 25th, and were organized by calling Mr. W. H. Kerr to the chair, who introduced J. F. Dravo, Esq., of Beaver. Mr. D. spoke for ¾ of an hour in a clear, concise, and vigorous manner. Compared the Chicago with the Tammany platform, and Grant and Colfax with Seymour and Blair. The Democrats who were present gave him credit, for at least being honest.—Mr. D. is a very argumentative speaker. Prof. G. L. Eberhart of New Brighton was next introduced, who spoke for 50 minutes, scathing cops—many of them went away sore, and didn't like the Prof. After a vote of thanks to the speakers, the meeting adjourned with cheers for Grant and Colfax. The only interruption was some copperhead boys with fife and drums from Rochester, who no doubt were sent here by older cops.

We met again on Friday evening Aug. 28th in the School Hall, and organized a Grant Club by the election of the following officers: President, T. G. Kerr, Esq.; Vice-Presidents, Jno. Paul, Esq.; Jas. Reed, Esq., David Jenkins and Capt. Jas. Bevington; Secretary, Chas. H. Bontel; Corresponding Sec'y., W. W. Kerr; Treasurer, P. Bontel; Executive committee, T. J. Thompson, Capt. A. McDonald, Alf. McCaskey, Esq. Morrison and Esq. Reed. For officers of the company: Capt., Alfred McCaskey; Lieut., Geo. McCaskey; Orderly Seargent, Jas. B. Cole; Ensign, Jno. Biggs. It was then resolved that we hold meetings on Friday evenings of every week. After the transaction of other business the club adjourned with three rousing cheers for the ticket. Expect a good account from Freedom and St. Clair when election days roll around.

FREEDOM.

*Editor of The Beaver Argus:*

The Grant and Colfax club of Big Beaver Tp., meets every Saturday evening at 7 o'clock, at Homewood.—The officers are as follows: President, C. P. Wallace; Vice-Presidents, A. Hunter, R. S. Foster and F. F. Smith; Recording Secretary, J. W. Clabaugh; Corresponding Secretary, J. H. Wetherapoon; Treasurer, Frederick Graham; Vigilant Committee, J. C. Chapman, W. H. Wallace and Samuel C. Graham; Committee on arrangements to attend the Mass Meeting in Beaver, Robert Blair, S. E. Andrews, Charles Chapman, James Patterson, H. J. Marshall and John Aley. I think that we have the honor of raising the first Grant and Colfax Pole in the County, if not in the State.

Our Tp. has had the Boro. of New Galilee struck off since our last election, but we will still have 40 of a majority for our state & County ticket, and 50 for Grant & Colfax in November. Our soldiers are nearly all Republicans. Nine out of every ten will vote for Grant and Colfax. We have widows and orphans in our Tp., that are looking to the loyal people to see whether their claims will be turned over to Forest the Butcher or Wade Hampton.

Mr. Editor there was a solemn pledge given by the people when our soldiers left their families that if they fell in battle that their widows and children should be kindly cared for the question is shall we, as a loyal people, remain true to our promise by electing Grant and Colfax or shall we turn the reins of Government over to Forest, Hampton, Valandigham and the pirate Semmes, as these Rebel gentlemen have been named as a Seymour cabinet.

There is certainly too much patriotism in our beloved country to suffer such a dreadful calamity to befall our Nation.

Big Beaver township was among the first to raise a Company for the three years service, Co. K. 10th Res-erves, with the brave Capt. Miller at their head, who fell at the head of his company in the seven days fight before Richmond, where to-day his bones lay bleaching on that memorable battle-field. I could mention a score of incidents that would bring tears from many dear eyes in our township, but one more and I am done for the present. When the call was for nine months men up had a young man, the youngest son of one of our most respected citizens, who was too young to be mustered into the service without the consent of his parents. I remember of that noble young man pleading with his mother for her to intercede with his aged father to let him go; and when the father looked at his darling young boy and then at his bleeding country, he gave his consent. At the battle of Fredericksburg he was wounded in the right arm and returned with his company in the following May. Oh how those aged parents rejoiced that their dear boy had returned to cheer them in their declining days. But when the next call came for more troops William said to his dear parents, "I must leave you again for a short time; my country calls me and I must go;" but at the battle of Cool Harbor he fell mortally wounded, and to-day fills a soldiers grave.

When I think of the Rebel that shot that young man, who to day is a warm supporter of Seymour, I can scarcely realize that any one claiming to be a lover of our Brave Soldiers could vote for Seymour and Blair.

A NEW Radical paper called The Rising Sun has been started in Petersburg, Va.

THE Union boys of St. Paul, Minn., had a fraternal meeting on the 19th. General Sibley and others made telling speeches.

THE Rhode Island Democrats say that the Hon. Nat Barton, Democratic Congressman from that State, will not support Seymour and Blair.

A GRANT and Colfax pole, 150 feet high, has been raised in Evansville, Ind. The Grant Guards held a grand jollification in honor of the event.

THE Republican State Central Committee of Iowa are making arrangements for two grand barbecues in each Congressional District in the State.

GEN. John M. Palmer addressed a tremendous Republican mass meeting at Terre Haute, Ind., on the 21st inst. A dispatch from there says that his speech will have great effect.

Fifteen hundred Republicans raised a Grant and Colfax pole over 150 feet high, in Elizabeth, Harrison County, Ind., on the 20th inst. The boys cut that way mean business.

RIPLEY, Me., was alive with Republican enthusiasm on the 21st inst. The Hon. John Lynch spoke for an hour, and was followed by the Hon. E. A. Storrs of Chicago in an eloquent and powerful speech.

A GRAND Republican mass meeting was held at Skowhegan, Me., on the 20th inst. The Hon. James G. Blaine, ex-Senator Creswell of Md., Judge Kelly of Penn., and the Hon. Lot M. Morrell were the speakers.

A LARGE and enthusiastic Republican meeting was held at Janesville, Wis., on the 21st inst. Addresses were made by the Hon. C. G. Williams, and Col. McHenry. The campaign in Wisconsin is opened vigorously.

THE Republicans of New-Albany, Ind., had an old-fashioned "Tippecanoe" rally on the 20th inst. Col. Wilson and others addressed an immense crowd. The boys are making a square stand up fight, and mean to rescue the city from Democratic misrule.

THE Hon. George W. Woodward was in Susquehanna County, the other day. On the vote to Scranton a vote was taken, resulting in 43 for Grant, to 21 for Seymour. Judge Woodward was not satisfied, when some one suggested to him "to try the grave train."

THE Tanners of Omaha, Neb., carry the old battle-flag of the First Nebraska Cavalry, which bears the following honors: "Milford," "Donelson," "Shiloh," "Corinth," "Cape Girardeau," "Chalk Bluff," "Sylla-more," "Redbank," "Jacksonport," and "Clarendon." It is riddled with bullet-holes.

FIVE thousand freemen held a glorious Republican ratification meeting on the bluffs at Memphis, Tenn., on the 20th inst. Intense enthusiasm was manifested. The colored voters were present in force. Speeches were made by Gen. W. J. Smith, Col. W. H. Wood, Col. H. E. Hudson, and the Hon. Barbour Lewis.

AN immense Republican mass meeting was held at Allentown, Pa., on the afternoon and evening of the 22d. Cols. John W. Forney and James Worrell gave the Copperheads a lively turning, to the intense delight of loyal thousands. The whole population seemed to be out, men, women and children. It is conceded that no more effective meeting was ever held in Allentown.

THE Hon. John A. Kasson has consented to take the stump for the campaign in Iowa, and a list of appointments has been announced for him, beginning at Mount Pleasant on the 29th. From there he will work toward Northern Iowa, speaking at Dubuque, Nashua, McGregor, Cedar Falls, and other points. Mr. Kasson has no superior as a speaker in the State, and will do brilliant service for the ticket.

*The Providence Press* says: Mr. David Makepeace of Norton, Mass., will be 101 years old in the month of September next. He still does work on his farm, and last July mowed on a wager against a gentleman of 8 years of age, beating him about a rod. He has voted for every President of the United States, and intends to vote for Grant and Colfax at the coming election.—He voted for Gen. Washington at his second term of office, and remembers many incidents connected with our war of independence.

SATURDAY, the 15th, was a gala day for the Republicans of Brownstown, Ind. The whole country there about was emptied into Brownstown. Gen. Kimbal and Will. Cumback walked into the Rebel Democracy in a style that excited the utmost enthusiasm. The procession was led by 120 young ladies and gentlemen in uniform of red, white, and blue, and following these the several townships delegations, making a procession of more than one half mile long with banners flying, music, song and shouting along the line. The Democrats looked as if they had lost their mothers.

A GENTLEMAN who went over the Erie Road to New York a few days since relates the following: "In the smoking car a political discussion arose. Among those present were some 12 or 15 Jewish merchants from Cincinnati. All of these but a single one pronounced themselves strongly for Grant, and one proposed taking a vote in the car, which was done, and resulted, thirty for Grant and seven for Seymour. He and the Seymour man, with a third to see fair play on both sides, then proceeded through the entire train and polled the passengers. The vote stood 97 for Seymour against 70 for Grant. The Republican Jews were immensely delighted and enthusiastic over the result.

At the Democratic Convention at Lagrange, Kentucky, after several speeches, on attempting the organization, the Confederates were presistent in attempting to exclude certain Federal officers from taking part in the proceedings. Gen. Walter Whittaker, late of the Union army, made a vigorous protest, and on his claims being treated with contempt, made the following energetic speech:

"I here and now denounce and desert your party.—I cannot do justice to myself and the country and stay with such a Corrupt party as you have become here to-day. You men who have fought in the Southern army come back here to-day with the blood boiling in your veins to extinguish from your councils, me, who fought, and have the character of some bravery, to protect your homes and firesides, and who exerted himself in defense of the families of those who had left their homes. I am here and intend to be heard.

GEN. Carl Schurz has finished his tour in Indiana.—*The Missouri Democrat* says: "He gives a very encouraging account of things there. In the close and Democratic Counties and Districts, our friends are thoroughly alive and hard at work, and are everywhere gaining. The strong Republican Counties and Districts are less fully aroused, and, assured of success in their local tickets, they do not yet feel the importance of swelling the majority for the State ticket as far as possible, but he believes that this over-confidence will be supplanted by thorough and determined zeal as the last month of the canvass opens. The large gains already apparent, give strong ground for belief that the State can be carried by faithful effort. From the Indiana papers we have learned that Gen. Schurz has been very warmly received, that the Germans have gathered in great numbers to hear him, and that his speeches have given very great aid to the cause."

**A Hint to Ladies.**—It is a distinguished characteristic of a cultivated woman to adorn and beautify her person. In proportion as she becomes refined or debased, she pays more or less regard to her personal appearance. The love of adornation is, as it ought to be, strong in every woman's nature, and hence it is that the decoration of her person is always regarded as of paramount importance. The three most beautiful things on earth are women, children and flowers, each equally by nature, pure and attractive. Woman knows she is beautiful, she loves to be admired by man; endeavord to render herself as attractive as possible to man's eyes, and therefore it is that she avails herself of all the benefits of dress and ornaments. Woman is gifted by nature with great natural attractions. Her complexion is, if not ruined by paint and powder, fair and delicate, her hair abundant and lustrous, and her form the very perfection of grace and loveliness. Woman's chief ornament is her hair. No matter how regular the contour of the features may be—how lustrous the eye—how sweet the voice for graceful the form, if the hair be not soft, glossy and beautiful, the chief attraction is wanting. A lady remarkable for the beauty of her hair, remarked in our hearing, the other day, that she owed to the moderate and constant use of "Barrett's Hair Restorative" a deep obligation, for by it she had become locally famous for the abundance and lustre of her hair.—Using it constantly ourselves we can add our testimony that as a dressing and restorative combined Barrett's is superior to any Hair Preparation we have ever used. It is reasonable in price, too, costing only one dollar for a large bottle full of the mixture.—*Cincinnati Sunday Globe.*

**Laying A Corner Stone.**—We are requested to state that the corner stone of the German Evangelical Lutheran St. Paul's Church, of Rochester, this county, will be laid on the 10th of September, at 2 P. M.

All friends of christianity are respectfully invited to be present on the occasion.

## Marriages.

CARRE-SEBURN.—On the 20th ultimo, by Rev. J. Harvey, Mr. Jacob Carre, of Economy, Pa., and Miss Emma Seburn.

HOOPES—COOKE.—On the 26th ultimo, at the residence of Mr. Samuel L. Mills, Iowa city, by Rev. Joshua Cooke, Mary Hoopes, of New Brighton, Pa., and Silas A. Cooke, of Mount Hope, N. Y.

## Deaths.

FIELD.—On the 31st of July, at Xenia, Clay County, Illinois, William F. Field, in the 21st year of his age.

McKINNEY.—On the 26th of August, 1868, in Beaver, Pa., Maria Louisa, only daughter of Dr. D. and Sarah McKinney, aged 9 months.

## Special Notices.

See Bence's advertisement in another column.

### ATTENTION!

A special meeting of Post No. 99, G. A. R. will be held on Wednesday evening Sept. 2d. All the members are requested to attend, as there is important business to transact. By order of MORTON HALL, Jr. Vice Com.

D. D. JOHNSON, P. A.

### INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE FOR CORONER.

*To the Voters of Beaver County:* The undersigned is an independent candidate for the office of Coroner, at the ensuing October election. The support of the electors of the county, irrespective of party, is asked for.

ELI REED, Beaver Boro.

sept.2:3t.

The next Annual Fair of the Beaver county Agricultural Society will be held in the Fair Ground near Beaver, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 30th day of September and the 1st and 2d days of October next. tf.

### THIEL HALL, PHILLIPSBURG, BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

The next scholastic year of this Classical School will commence, on Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock, September the first. Parents and guardians having pupils to send, are requested to send them punctually at the time indicated. The rates of Tuition are: For the Higher English and Mathematical branches, including the Latin, Greek and German Languages for the session of 10 weeks, $10,50; for the ordinary English branches, $7,00; to be said invariably in advance.

The rates for boarding, tuition, &c., can be ascertained by application to the Principal at the Hall. [aug19'68:3t.

FLAGS! FLAGS! 2500 Grant & Colfax flags just arrived, at Bence's, Beaver. 3t.

### SEE BUNCH OF GRAPES

On Standard in another column. Green's STANDARD WINE BITTERS is highly recommended by physicians for Dyspeptics, on account of its tonic properties, its purity, and its delicious flavor. 1y.

### SHOW YOUR COLORS!

The cheapest flags in Western Pennsylvania may be found at Bence's, Beaver. 3t.

### GRAPE BITTERS.

Every one knows the value of the grape, as a luscious and healthy fruit. Speer's "Standard Wine Bitters" is the ultimate of the grape: in its properties, mildly stimulating, diuretic, enobling and tonic. More than seven-eights of them are the pure juice of the grape, simply made thick by Peruvian Bark, Chamomile Flowers, Snake Root, Calamus, Wild Cherry Bark, &c.

Sold by Druggists.

There will be a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Beaver County Agricultural Society on the 5th day of September next, at one o'clock P. M., in the Sheriff's Office in the Borough of Beaver, as there is business of importance to transact a full attendance is earnestly desired.

J. R. HARMAN, Sec'y.

### PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN OF 1868—HEADQUARTERS FOR FLAGS, MEDALS, BADGES, PINS, LANTERNS, TORCHES, CAPS, CAPES, PORTRAITS OF CANDIDATES, SONG BOOKS, &c., &c.

The undersigned, manufacturer of Campaign Goods, keeps constantly on hand Printed Muslin Flags, from 3 inches to 7 feet in length; Bunting Flags from 6 inches to 36 feet in length—suitable for poles, dwellings, processions, &c.; also Silk Flags, for presentations and military companies; Parade Equipments, Caps and Capes, all colors; also Torches, Chinese Lanterns, with names of candidates. One hundred varieties of Pins, Medals and Badges, with portraits of the Presidential Candidates—samples of same sent on receipt of 20 cents. Agents Wanted. Send for Price List. Address,

JOHN W. PITTOCK,
Dealer in Campaign Goods, Opposite Post-Office, Pittsburgh, Pa. [2t.

Tanner Clubs, Wide-Awakes, Boys in Blue and other organizations supplied with Caps, Capes and Torches. Send for samples. Address, JOHN W. PITTOCK,
Dealer in Campaign Goods, Opposite Post-Office, Pittsburgh, Pa. [2t.

### SPECIAL NOTICE.

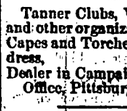
Transparencies, Banners, Streamers, &c. ornamented and lettered in the best style.—Call on or address Allison & Johnson, Studio in Wynn's Hall, Beaver, Pa. Charges moderate.

## BEAVER MARKETS,

(CORRECTED WEEKLY.)

BEAVER, Sept. 2, 1868.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Flour per bbl | $11,50 | Eggs per doz | 20 |
| Dried Apples per bus. | 2,20 | Butter per lb | 40 |
| Dried Peaches per bu. | 4,75 | Flame per lb | 12 |
| Wheat per bus | 2,25 | Shoulders | 14 |
| Corn per bus | 85 | Sides per lb | 18 |
| Oats | 60 | Tallow per lb | 12½ |
| Flax Seed per bus | 2,25 | Lard per lb | 25 |
| Beans per bus | 2,00 | Candles per lb | 25 |
| Potatoes | 1,00 | Molasses per gal | 1,00 |
| Onions | 1,00 | Refined Oil | 70 |
| Corn Meal | 1,50 | Crude Oil | 30 |



PITTSBURGH
**Flag Manufactory,**
AND
HEADQUARTERS
FOR
**CAMPAIGN GOODS!**

SILK, BUNTING, AND PRINTED MUSLIN
**FLAGS!**
And every article of WIGWAM GOODS for CAMPAIGNERS.
Also, Medals, Pins, Chevrons, Silk Badges, Banners, Transparencies, Rosettes, Sashes, Portraits, and Card Photographs of Candidates.
Song Books, Political Documents of all kinds, &c.

Address, JOHN W. PITTOCK,
Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer,
Opposite Post Office, PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Country Dealers supplied on liberal terms.

Grant Tanner Clubs supplied with caps, capes and torches, send in your orders.

aug26'68:3m.


ROBERTS' WILD CHERRY

**TONIC BITTERS,**

BEST IN USE.

Use Rohrer's Tonic Bitters,

The very best in the Market

**R. E. SELLERS & CO.,**

No. 45 Wood streets,

Opposite St. Charles Hotel, also entrance No. 103 and 104 Third street.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Wholesale Agents for the West.

For sale by JOHN MOORE, Beaver, Pa. jel9:1y.

**T. O. MORGAN**

SUCCESSOR TO

SHALLENBERGER BROS.

Dealers in

**FINE FAMILY GROCERIES**

Queensware, Hardware,

*NAILS, WINDOW GLASS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, BACON, FISH, FLOUR, SALT, LIME*

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in Exchange for Goods.

*Goods Delivered Free of Charge in all the Villages.*

BEAVERWATER, PA., Aug. 19, 1868.

**FARMERS!!**

TRY THE

**ALTA VELA PHOSPHATE.**

IT IS COMPOSED EXCLUSIVELY OF THE CELEBRATED GUANO

**ALTA VELA.**

Containing three per cent. of

**AMMONIA!**

An ample quantity to give activity (without injury) to the vegetation, and a large quantity of soluble

Bone Phosphate of Lime.

The Alta Vela Guano is the result of many years of careful experiments with different manures, and is offered to the public with the confidence that it will prove to be the best manure ever sold in the market. Price $56 per ton. Send for a pamphlet! Address—The Alta Vela Guano Company, 3 Beekman, New York.

aug26'68:3m.

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE!

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE!

AT

**J. H. BENCE'S,**

**J. H. BENCE'S,**

Third Street, Beaver, Pa.

Third Street, Beaver, Pa.

**Prices Very Low!**

Stock closing out, at lowest prices to make room for FALL STOCK.

**MILLINERY GOODS,**

RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
HATS, BONNETS,
FRAMES, &C.

COLORED ILLUSIONS AND CRAPES,
CORSETS,
HOOP SKIRT
AND HOSIERY.

**A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT**

Of All kinds of

LACES, GLOVES,
FANCY HANDKERCHIEFS,
PARASOLS AND

**Sun Shades,**

UMBRELLAS,
CUFFS,
AND COLLARS, &C.

**Embroideries,**

All kinds.

**PIKAYS,**

**VEIL STUFFS**

Of every description,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

The above will be sold at

**Regardless of Cost**

☞ Call early and secure a good bargain.

jy23:3t.

**FRESH ARRIVAL!**

**New Spring Goods!**

NO ADVANCE.

FIRST OPENING

OF

**SPRING GOODS FOR 1868**

AT

**F. A. Fortune's**

**CHEAP DRY GOODS STORE**

IN THE DIAMOND

ROCHESTER PA.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW CHECKS,
NEW GINGHAMS,
NEW DELAINES,
NEW COBURGS,
and PLAIDS.

ALSO,

Table Dinner Crash,
Red Flannels,
White Flannels,
Yellow Flannels,
Jeans,
Cassimeres
Tweeds,
Drillings,
Hats and Caps,
Hoop Skirts,
Balmoral Skirts,
Notions and Fancy Articles,
Trimmings,
Bonnet Ribbons,
Millinery Goods, &c.,

The above comprises the most complete Stock ever offered to the citizens of Beaver county, and we take pleasure in assuring our customers and those who may favor us with a call, that the above stock is as cheap as ever.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

**F. A. Fortune's**

**CHEAPDRY GOODS STORE**

IN THE DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

BIG SIGN Across the pavement

*COME EVERYBODY AND SECURE BARGAINS.*


## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS OF LEVARI Facias and Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Beaver, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Sheriff's Office, in the borough of Beaver, in the county aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, September 5, 1868,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon,

All that certain tract or parcel of land, situate in Ohio township, Beaver county, Pa., bounded north by the old grave yard, east by Elizabeth Rice, south by Thos. Jackson, and west by Mercer street, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling house, containing four rooms with cellar underneath it.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Charles Tee, at the suit of A. D. Gilliland.

NO. 2. ALSO.

At the same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of in and to the following piece or parcel of land in North Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a Chestnut, thence by lands of the heirs of Abraham Funkhouser, south 86 deg. west 18 5-10 perches to a post, south 3 deg. west 3 3-10 per. to a Sugar tree, south 87 deg. west 28 5-10 per. to a Black Oak, thence by lands of Jno. Funkhouser's heirs, north 120 deg. west 26 5-10 per. to a White Oak, north 88 deg. east 18 2-10 perches to a post, north 39½ deg. west 26 3-10 per. to a dead White Oak, north 87½ deg. west 21 4-10 per. to a White Oak, thence by land of John Funkhouser north 2½ deg. west 10 2-10 per. to an Elm tree, north 39½ deg. west 11 perches to an Ironwood, north 87 deg., west 16 15-100 per. to a post, north 19½ deg., east 36 per. to a white oak, north 10 deg., east 26 3-10 per. to a chestnut, north 2½ deg., west 23 85-100 per. to a chestnut, north 1½ deg., west 16 5-10 per. to a post, north 89½ deg., east 80 5-10 per. to a post, thence by lands of Jos. Funkhouser 1½ deg., west 10 per. to a post in the road, thence along the road by lands of Thos. Borich, south 47 deg., east 5 9-10 per. to a post, south 34 deg. 10 min., east 25 5-10 per. to a post, thence by land of John Showalter, south 70½ deg., west 64 5-10 per. to the place of beginning, containing 151 acres and 130 per. strict measure, on which there is erected a frame cottage house, one and a half stories high, one large frame barn, a smoke house and other outbuildings. There is about 80 acres cleared and under fence, premises underlaid with a three foot vein of coal, apple orchard of about 75 trees on the farm.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Josiah King, at the suit of William Funkhouser.

NO. 3. ALSO.

At the same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of in and to the following piece of ground, lying and being situate in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pa., bounded as follows: Beginning at a corner on Big Beaver creek, at corner of lands of John Robinson and Alex. Robinson, thence north 89½ deg. east 80 5-10 per. by said lands to a stake, thence by same lands north 17 deg., west 81 per. to a white walnut, thence by lands of said Robinson and lands of Benj. Whisler, north 89½ deg., east 79 per. to a stake, thence by said lands of Whisler north one-half deg., east 49 5-10 per. to a white oak, thence by other lands of mortragee and others, west 150 5-10 per. to Big Beaver creek, thence down said creek by four several courses and distances, as follows: North 25½ deg., east 23 6-10 per., thence south 6 deg., east 47 5-10 per., south 11¼ deg., east 35 4-10 per. and south 27½ deg., east 26 4-10 per. to the place of beginning, containing 73 acres and 128 per., being the same premises conveyed by Jno. Funkhouser, mortgagee, of Josiah King mortragor. About 60 acres cleared and under fence, premises under

# LIME, LIME,

Try it. **LIME,** Try it.

GET YOUR LIME FROM THE NEW

**"MONITOR LIME KILN."**

One trial will convince any one that it is the best LIME ever burned in this vicinity, is at least 20 per cent better than Lime burned the old way, and will be sold at the same price. Come and see it and try some of it before making contracts, and save

**TIME AND MONEY.**

The coal is not mixed with the stone to burn it, so that it is entirely free from cinders and ashes, and will burn nothing but the best stone. Brick layers need not fear to put it in the morter, for they get nothing but lime, as we draw every four hours; you can always get it

**FRESH.**

LIME delivered promptly whenever ordered by wagon or car load, or in the barrel.

Send orders to W. J. Dunn, Beaver, P. O., or to the Monitor Lime Kiln's, Vasport, Beaver county.

W. J. DUNN.

may15'68:1y.

# LOOK HERE!

# LIME!

THE UNDERSIGNED IS ENGAGED IN MANUfacturing Lime at Vanport, Beaver county, Pa.—His Kilns are known as the

**"Power's Kilns"**

Fresh Lime, and free of stones, can always be had on short notice. I will sell as cheap as the cheapest. All order left at the Kilns, or letters addressed to me at Beaver, Pa., will receive prompt and careful attention. Lime delivered, whenever wanted.

AMOS DOUTT.

mar25'68:1y.

# MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER,

May be found the best assortment of

**DRUGS,**
**Medicines,**
**CHEMICALS,**
**PURE**
**LIQUORS, WINES**
**And Brandies,**
**Paints, Oils,**
AND
**DYE STUFFS:**
**TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,**
**BRUSHES.**
**PATENT MEDICINES**

In great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills, 75 cents per box; Choesman's, $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest Stock of
LAMPS & LAMP TRIMMINGS, LANTERNS, STATIONERY, WINDOW GLASS & PUTTY.
Ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else.
Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more.

july1'67 J. MOORE.

# FALLSTON FOUNDRY!

**ENGINE & REPAIR SHOP**
**IN FALLSTON,**
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

HAVING refitted and enlarged my stock of machinery and tools, and having secured the services of the best of mechanics, I am prepared to warrant all work done to give entire satisfaction. I have on hand different patterns and styles of Engines, Fire Clay Rolls, and am prepared to make or repair all descriptions of machinery, on reasonable terms.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS.

I have all the best plow patterns that suit this market among which is the "Great Western," which has been THE plow of the county for the last fifteen years. Also, almost all other Plows now or previously in use.

*STOVES! STOVES!!*

I have on hand and will continue to manufacture a large assortment of

COOKING, FRANKLIN AND HEATING STOVES

Of the latest styles and with all the modern improvements, which I will sell at modern rates. Among these is the GREAT REPUBLIC. This Stove has an extension top, which gives it a large surface without taking up much room, and it is now looked upon as one of the best and most economical, stoves as it takes less fuel and is more durable than other in use. The following persons, after having used this stove for a considerable length of time, may be referrd to in proof of what is here said:

Dr. Isaac Winans,
M. T. Kennedy,
Eli Reed,
John Watson,
Mrs. Geo. Felton,
Capt. J. S. Winans,
William Sagers,
Joseph Darling,
William Stuart,
Robert McGowan,
Joseph Blackmore,
Mrs. Joseph Martin,
Mrs. Major Wade,
Dr. J. D. McCreary,
Milo N. Miller,
David Lesick,
Capt. James Roney,
Dr. C. E. Tuttle,
William Reed,
Kelly Hunter,
John McLaughlin,
Samuel Taylor,
Dr. Jas. E. Jackson,
Thomas Beacom,
John Dunlap,
Milton Davis,
Marcus Baldwin,
David Lloyd,
John M. Duncan,
J. V. Winans,
Mrs. Robt. Andrews,
Mr. Lobley,
Mr. Cass,
Frederick Kataras,
Benjamin Franklin,
Capt. James Johnston,
Samuel Kennedy,
George Evans,
John Jackson,
Walter Buchanan,
Mrs. McPhillomy,
E. T. Reeves,
William Hoon,
Jason Richardson,
James McGehen,
Capt. Woodson Glenn,
Thomas R. Davis,
Samuel Murphy,
Miss Holdship,
Hiram Stowe,
Mrs. Patterson,
James McDermitt,
Samuel Dunlap,
Thompson Johnston,
Mr. Crawford,
Mrs. Rev. Stapleton,
Jonathan McKenzie,
Judge Kairns,
Richard Knight,
Solomon Frock,
James Knowles,
David Osborn,
Richard Staley,
Joseph McFerrin,
David Carr,
George Wilson,
James Thompson,
Mrs. Quay,
Harrison Reed,
Milton Reed,
Boston Grove,
William Grove,
Washington Eagle,
James Gaffney,
Robert Graham,
Thomas Bradshaw,
Milo Bradshaw,
Dixon Reed,
Daniel Maxwell,
J. W. Funkhouser,
William Wagner,
Mr. Chaney,
Henry Sallmans,
Mr. Wray,
David Mitchell.

mar16'68:1y JOHN THORNLEY.

**Administrator's Notice.**—Letter of administration on the estate of Mary Dodds, dec'd., late of Moon tp., Beaver county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN DODDS, Admr.
Hopewell tp.

aug13'68:6.

## Scouring, Drying and Pressing

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS TAKEN OUT PATents for Scouring, Drying and Pressing clothing, which for excellence of workmanship and speed, exceed anything now in use. Clothing cleansed to order in first class style. Work will be taken in at my place of business in Bridgewater, at all times, and removed with but little delay to the owner.

I am still Agent for Howe's latest improved Sewing Machines, and also Singer's, both of which are growing more and more in favor, the longer they are used.

JOSEPH BRAUN.

jan16'68:1f.

# To the Public.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING SEEN the **PRIZE CHURN**, patented July 31, 1866, and Oct. 8, 1867, by the Prize Churn Company, Springfield, Vermont, and being satisfied that it does its work well, making good nice butter in from 2 to 8 minutes, we recommend it to all as the best Churn in market, to our knowledge.

GEO. W. HAMILTON,
D. McKINNEY, Jr.
M. EVANS,
J. SWINANS.

BEAVER, Aug. 2, 1868.

MR. CUNDALL churned for me this morning with his prize churn, he used no hot water or other unusual means of hastening the butter. In three minutes the butter began coming and in about five was ready to take out. Most patent churns are objectionable because so complicated that it requires more time to wash them than it does to churn the butter. This one can be cleaned in less time than the old fashioned dash churn. I regard it as a great improvement, and calculated to save woman much labor.

DR. A. W. ACHESON.

# J. SWINANS,

DEALER IN

**Hardware,**

**Iron, Nails, Glass, and Agricultural Implements.**

BUILDER'S HARDWARE, MECHANIC'S TOOLS, always kept on hand.

Also, agent for the **WORLD'S REAPER AND MOWER, OHIO MOWER** and the **TORNADO THRESHER.**

127 East side Broadway, New Brighton, Pa.

may7'68.

N. WILLRICH ..... J. HARTFORD.

**WILLRICH & HARTFORD**

Have now Opened the Finest Selection of

**FALL AND WINTER BOOTS & SHOES,**

Which they are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS

AND

LOW PRICES!

Call and examine our Stock

**NO. 100 MARKET STREET,**

Corner of Fifth, Pittsburgh, Pa.

nov27'67:1y.

# SIMON SNITGER & CO.,

(At the old stand, 3rd street, Beaver, P. O.)

DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS OF

**GROCERIES,**

SUCH AS

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SORGHUM, RICE, PEPPERS, SPICES, SOAPS, CANDIES, RAISINS, ENGLISH CURRANTS, FIGS,

*FLOUR, FEED, FISH, GRAIN, &c., &c.*

They are constantly receiving a fresh assortment of these articles, and the public may rely upon getting from them as good as the market affords.

All goods delivered if required.

jan15:1y.

# R. A. Wilson,

(Late WILSON & STEWART,)

DEALER IN

**Boots Shoes**

**&**

**Rubbers,**

OLD STAND,

**DIAMOND,**

ROCHESTER, PA.

R. A. WILSON. R. A. WILSON.

# DAWSON & RICHARDSON

**Beaver Falls, Pa.**

HAVING JUST OPENED A LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES,

NOTIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
GLASSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
TINWARE,
NAILS,
DRUGS, &c.

Window Glass all sizes and double strength. Special attention paid to filling orders for large size window glass, &c.

Also,
LINSEED OIL,
CRUDE BURNING OIL,
BENZINE,
COALE'S PATENT DRYER,
Paints of all Colors, Ground, Dry and in Oil.

Purchasers will do well to call and examine our stock of Paints before purchasing elsewhere.

Also: Choice Brands of Flour in Barrel and in Sacks. All kinds of Country produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Remember the place, first door above the Cutlery, opposite side of street.

jy10'67:tf.

# FAMILY GROCERIES!

GEO. H. TESH

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED THE GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE of H. Berkimer, on Brighton street, Rochester, takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally, that he has added largely to the Stock, and is now prepared to furnish at the lowest possible rates, all articles usually kept in such establishments.

I take pleasure in recommending Capt. Sharp to my old customers, and trust they will extend to him the same patronage so liberally bestowed upon myself.

G. H. BERKIMER.

# GLOSING OUT SALE

OF

# SUMMER DRY GOODS

AT COST

AT

# James A. Fortune's

IN THE DIAMOND,
ROCHESTER, PENN'A.

**Dry Goods of every Description.**

THE CHEAPEST IN BEAVER COUNTY.

STRAW GOODS, MEN AND BOY'S HATS, BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY AND GLOVES, FANCY GOODS.

*Call, Early and Secure Bargains,*

As we are bound to sell at

**PITTSBURGH PRICES.**

Stamping, Pinking and Machine Stitching to order. Men's Shirts made to order.

*NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.*

Remember the place, room formerly occupied by Nelson & Rossiter,

*IN THE DIAMOND,*
ROCHESTER, PA.

JAMES A. FORTUNE.

P. S. I have secured the services of WATT GEALY formerly of Sridcaster.

# The Last Great Success.

# Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S

IMPROVED

# HAIR RESTORER

FAVORITE

# HAIR DRESSING

**New Style in One Bottle**

will quickly restore Gray Hair to its natural color and beauty, and produce luxuriant growth. It is perfectly harmless, and is preferred over every other preparation by those who have a fine head of hair, as well as those who wish to restore it. The beautiful gloss and perfume imparted to the Hair make it desirable for old and young.

**For Sale by all Druggists.**

DEPOT, 198 GREENWICH ST., N. Y.

**PRICE ONE DOLLAR.**

aprl6'68:1y.

# ALL AROUND THE WORLD!

THE FIRST PREMIUM
Of a Silver Medal
WAS AWARDED TO
BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE
By the N. H. State Agricultural Society at its Fair, holden in Nashua, Sept. 30, 1868.

BARRETT'S
**Vegetable Hair Restorative**

Restores Gray Hair to its Natural Color; promotes the growth of the Hair; changes the roots to their original organic action; eradicates Dandruff and Humors; prevents Hair falling off; is perfect. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North, and South.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,
MANCHESTER, N. H.

Sold by J. MOORE, Beaver, Pa., and all Druggists and dealers in Medicines.

mar18'68:1y.

SPEER'S STANDARD

# WINE BITTERS!

FOR THE WEAK,
FOR THE PALE,
FOR THE SICKLY,
FOR THE AGED,
FOR FEMALES,
FOR SPRING USE!!!

*NO BITTERS EQUAL TO THEM!*

**Speer's Standard Wine Bitters,**

—MADE OF—

**Wine, Herbs and Roots.**

SPEER'S Celebrated Wine, so well known, with PERUVIAN BARK,
CHAMOMILE FLOWERS,
SNAKE ROOT,
WILD CHERRY BARK,
GINGER,

and such other Herbs and Roots as will in all cases Assist Digestion, promote the Secretions of the system in its natural channels, and give

TONE AND VIGOR

TO THE

**Young and Old, Male and Female**

All use it with wonderful success. Brings

COLOR

to the pale white lip,

**BLOOM AND BEAUTY**

To the thin face and care worn countenance.

Ladies [illegible] Tonic. Use none other. Ask for SPEER'S STANDARD BITTERS. Sold by Druggists and Grocers. See that my signature is over the cork of each bottle.

ALFRED SPEER.

Passaic, N. J., and 263 Broadway, New York.

Trade supplied by Johnston, Holloway & Co., Philadelphia; George A. Kelly, Pittsburgh; and by all Wholesale Dealers.

jy8'69.

# FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

A NO. 10 "ROCHESTER" COOK STOVE, in complete order, nearly new, and in good repairing order. Enquire of the subscriber, at Fallston, Beaver county, Pa.

SALLIE LOGAN.

# Glassware, Lamps, and Chimneys.

J. P. SMITH & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers

FRUIT JARS AND FINISHING WAX IN CONNECtion with Lamps, Chandeliers, Glassware and Carbon Oil trade, Munson Willoughby's and Newman's Self Sealing Union, Q. K. and Cork Glass Jars, Rochesters, and Tin of the very best in the Market, which for sale and retail. Also pounds TX and XXX Fruit Wax just received. Please call before purchasing.

J. P. SMITH & CO.,
187 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL THOSE WHO are Afflicted with Dyspepsia and Stomach troubles, such as Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Waterbrash, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, &c. DR. BOLLINGER'S HEADACHE AND ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

Are the most perfect remedy ever brought before the public, for all diseases of the Liver and Stomach.

They act as a CATHARTIC without weakening the Stomach or Bowels, but on the contrary give to tone those organs, driving away all Melancholy Feelings, infusing new Life and Vigor into the System.

For sale by all Druggists and Country Merchants, throughout the Country.

HENDERSON & BRO'S., 205 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa., Wholesale Agents.

HERMAN HIRSH. MARK HIRSH. SIMON HIRSH.

# HIRSH & BROTHERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

# CLOTHING,

AND

**Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,**

**NO. 29 ST. CLAIR STREET.**

(Opposite Iron City College.)

**PITTSBURGH, PA.**

Clothing made to order on short notice.

nov27'67:1y.

# BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

**Lead Pipe Sheet & Bar Lead**

MANUFACTURERS, ALSO

Pig Lead, Iron Pipe, Rubber Hose, Steam Gauges, Whistles & Valves, Iron & Copper Sinks and Bath Tubs, Steam Pumps, Farm Pumps and Force Pumps.

*And every description of goods for*

WATER, GAS & STEAM.

**No. 167 Smithfield Street,**

PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

Send for a Price List. [apr23'68:1y.

# MUSIC IN FRONT!

BANDS FURNISHED PROMPTLY WITH

**Brass and German Silver Instruments**

BY THE SET OR PIECE.

ALSO,

**Brass and Tenor Drums, Cymbals and Triangles, &c., &c.,**

At prices lower than can be had at any other House in this country.

Special inducements offered to

BANDS AND TO DEALERS.

Send for circular and price list.

**HOFFMAN, HOENE & CO.**

**53 FIFTH STREET,**

PITTSBURGH, PA.

DEALERS IN PIANOS, ORGANS AND MELODEONS, Sheet Music and Music Books, and importers of Musical Instruments and Strings.

apr18'68:1y.

# Reineman, Meyran & Seidle,

*No. 42 Fifth st., 1 door from Wood, Pittsburgh,*

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

FINE JEWELRY, WATCHES, DIAMONDS, PURE Silver Ware, French Clocks, Plated ware of every description. Tea sets, Spoons, Forks, &c., Watch Makers tools and material, and agency of the celebrated

AMERICAN WATCHES.

We also keep the largest and most varied assortment of the very best American made

# CLOCKS!

to be found in any city east or west.

Persons in want of any article in our line either a wholesale or for their own use, will always find our prices lower and our assortment larger than any to be found west of New York city.

WATCH REPAIRING.

To this branch of our trade (being ourselves practical watch makers) we pay very special attention; we employ a force of the very best Artists in the country, and any and all fine, delicate and difficult work entrusted to our care—for the trade or individuals—may rely on getting the utmost satisfaction. Work may be sent in by express or otherwise.

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SEIDLE,
Wholesale and Retail Jewelers and Silversmiths,
*42 Fifth street, PITTSBURGH*

apr23'68:1y.

# Spring and Summer GOODS!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF GOODS, of the

LATEST STYLES,

**For Spring and Summer Wear.**

**Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods**

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In latest and most fashionable styles, and at short notice.

WILLIAM REICH.
Bridgewater, Pa.

# TINWARE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

**Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Ware.**

I PROPOSE KEEPING CONSTANTLY ON HAND all kinds of TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE, which I will sell

*AT THE LOWEST PRICE*

**Tin Roofing, Spouting & Job Work**

Done to order in the best possible manner, and on shortest notice.

Using none but the best of material, and having none but the best of workmen, I

WARRANT ALL WORK

*SHOP ON THE LOWER END OF*

**Third Street**

BEAVER, Pa.

Give us a call and examine our Stock.

**Japanned ware kept constantly on hand.**

O. R. ANSHUTZ.

# ROCHESTER FOUNDRY.

ANDERSON, ARBUCKLE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF MACHINE CASTINGS, Mill Gearing, Water Wheels, Screws, Grain Fronts, Sash, Doors, Frames, Weights, Rollers, Window Weights, Kettles, Stoves, Hollow Ware, Kettle Castings, and all other Castings called for, on short notice and of the very best metal.

Also, J. J. Anderson's justly celebrated New Cook Stove for Coal and Wood, which took the

**First Premium**

At the State Fair, recently held at Pittsburgh. This Stove combines many new and important principles which stand it far in advance of all others now in use. Some of the merits claimed for it by the inventor, are Heavy Metal, Well Proportioned, Beauty of Style and Finish, Ease of Draft, Easily Kept Clean, Requires but little Fuel, and the

**BEST BAKER EXTANT.**

All orders thankfully received and promptly filled.

**We Call Attention to the Following Statements**

While living in the East I used several of the most Celebrated Cooking Stoves made in that part of the country, and on my arrival here, I was recommended by Mr. Anderson to purchase the Crystal Palace Stove, (also invented by Mr. Anderson) as being the best. I did so, and used it with good satisfaction. When I saw Mr. Anderson's new Stove, I was attracted by its neat appearance, and on examining its Oven and interior arrangements, found it possessed many advantages over all I had seen. I purchased, and have one now in use. We consider it superior to any we have ever used. It is all the inventor claims, and we think all that could be desired in a Cooking Stove.

CAPT. GILBERT PENDLETON.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 21st.

Having one of Mr. Anderson's new Stoves in use, I can fully endorse Capt. Pendleton's statement.

JOHN H. WHEELER.

Having one of Anderson's new Stoves in use, I can fully endorse the above recommendation.

J. WOODRUFF.

Having one of Mr. Anderson's new Stoves in use, we are fully satisfied with its good qualities in all respects.

JOSEPH IRVIN AND WIFE.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 25th.

Having kept house for a long time, and used a great number of Cook Stoves of different patterns and styles, I consider J. J. Anderson's new Stove, for point of economy in fuel, ready cooking and baking for its size, superior to any we have used, and cheerfully recommend it, believing it will render entire satisfaction.

CHAS. LUKINS.

We have one of Mr. J. J. Anderson's new Stoves, manufactured at the Rochester Foundry, and having given it a fair trial, we find it comes fully up to all that has been claimed for it. It heats very rapidly, takes but little fuel, and is a most excellent baker. Mr. Anderson may congratulate himself on having achieved quite a triumph in the line of Cooking Stoves.

Very respectfully,

Beaver, Nov. 23d, 1867. J. S. BRACKEN.

# A. S. Harvey,

DEALER IN

**GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,**

AND

**Hardware.**

HAVING ON HAND A LARGE AND WELL selected Stock of

| | |
|---|---|
| Teas, | Rice, |
| Coffee, | Cheese, |
| Sugar, | Soaps, |
| Molasses, | Bacon, |
| Syrups, | Fish. |

**Hardware.**

**NAILS AND WINDOW GLASS.**

**STONEWARE.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Pine Churns, | Peck Measures, |
| Oak Churns | ½ Bush. Measures, |
| Willow Baskets, | Split Baskets. |

**Pure Cider Vinegar.**

ALSO

**CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR**

By the Barrel or in Sacks, constantly on hand. Prices very low, call and see.

A. S. HARVEY,
Bridgewater, Pa.

oct3'67:1y.

# Beaver Drug Store.

THOS. A. ANDERSON.

**DRUGGIST!**

**Corner 3d st. and Diamond,**

BEAVER, PA.

INVITES THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC generally to a full assortment of

**Drugs, Medicines,**

PAINTS,

OILS, VARNISHES,

**Putty, Window Glass, &c.**

In fact everything usually kept in a well appointed Drug and Chemical Store, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible figures consistent with a due regard for quality.

We hope by strict and careful attention to business to merit and receive a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon us.

THOS. A. ANDERSON.

may27'68:tf.

**NEW FAMILY GROCERY**

AND

# PROVISION STORE!

**Cor. Railroad Crossing and New York St.**

**Rochester, Pa.**

By COE & DARRAGH

WHERE MAY BE FOUND

Family Groceries and Provision, Fish, Flour, Cheese, Butter, Lard, Bacon, Oil, Pure Cider Vinegar, Syrups, Molasses, Salt, Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars, Queensware, Willow-ware, Wooden-ware, and everything in their line, and they hope by strict attention to business to merit a liberal share of the patronage.

N. B. All kinds Country Produce taken at the market price.

COE & DARRAGH.

Rochester Oct. 1st, 1867—oct7'67:1y.

# New Spring Goods!

**FRESH ARRIVAL**

AT

# S. J. Cross & Co's.,

**ROCHESTER, PA.,**

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE EAST, A LARGER than ever before in our house, consisting of

**NEW PRINTS,**

**NEW MUSLINS,**

**NEW DELAINES,**

GINGHAMS,
CHECKS,
FLANNELS, all colors,
JEANS,
CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS,
CRASH,
DRILLS,
BLEACHED and
BROWN MUSLINS,

NOTIONS IN LARGE VARIETY.

HOOP and BALMORAL SKIRTS,

HATS and CAPS,

BOOTS and SHOES,

Purchased always in the East, at lowest cash prices, and sold at a very small advance.

**Hardware.**

A complete Stock just purchased in New York and Philadelphia, of

**MECHANICS TOOLS,**

**TABLE & POCKET**

**CUTLERY,**

**BUTTS,**

**STRAP HINGES,**

**SHUTTER HINGES,**

LOCKS IN GREAT VARIETY.

NAILS AT MANUFACTURING PRICES.

*WINDOW GLASS*

All sizes, single and double strength, at Pittsburgh prices.

**Paints & Oils.**

FRENCH RICHARD & CO'S.,

*CELEBRATED BUCK LEAD,*

at wholesale and retail.

COLORED PAINTS,

*GROUND, DRY AND IN OIL.*

MINERAL PAINTS,

LINSEED OIL,

LARD OIL,

CARBON OIL,

CASTOR OIL,

*TURPENTINE, BENZINE and COALE'S PATENT DRYER.*

**Books and Stationary!**

**Groceries.**

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT,

BACON, HAMS, SIDES, SHOULDERS, MESS PORK, LARD, &c., &c.

**FLOUR,**

In Sacks and Barrels, fresh ground, direct from Canton City Mills, Ohio.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.

All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

# S. J. CROSS & CO.

*NEW YORK STREET,*

NEAR RAILROAD CROSSING,

**Rochester, Pa.**

jan1'68:1y

# BEAVER LADIES SEMINARY.

WILL OPEN ON 9TH OF SEPTEMBER NEXT.—Pupils received at every stage of advancement. In the Primary Department boys and girls received. Young men will be taught by the Principal in his own room, but none taken as boarders.

Our purpose is to establish this institution of the school on thorough scholarship in every branch studied. It is therefore expected that pupils attend to promptness at the opening of the school and continue regular in their attendance.

Having had over one hundred enrolled during the past year, we hope for a larger patronage during the coming year.

E. M. A. M'LEAN, Principal.

aug13'68:tf.

# J. C. Hammond,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

**Flour, Feed, Meal &c., &c.**

GRAIN OF ALL KINDS BOUGHT FOR *CASH.* A good assortment of the different kinds of potatoes always on hand. All goods delivered when desired.

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(First corner below Depot.)

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WE HAVE A PRINTED REAL ESTATE REGISter containing a full description of location price and terms of all the properties entrusted to our care for sale. These consist of Farms, Grist Mills, Houses, Lots, Stores, Coal Land, Coal Works, Coal Interest, Western Lands, Hotels, Tanneries, City and Suburban Property. This Register we print three times a year, on first of May, September and January.

Parties wishing to buy or sell Real Estate, no matter where the location, should not fail to consult our Register, a copy of which can be had by sending us our address. May number now ready.

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AND

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**Opera House Auction Room,**

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**Boots, Shoes, Carpets, Dry Goods and Notions**

AT PRIVATE SALE DAY AND EVENING.

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**WHITESIDES & DRUM,**

HAVE OPENED A NEW

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*70 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,*

Near P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. Depot,

WHERE THEY WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON hand every description of

HARDWARE,

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PATENT SHUTTER HINGE AND SASH PULLEY.

Our prices and terms will be as favorable as can be found elsewhere.

Purchasers living on the Railroads, can have their goods delivered at the Depots free of charge.

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**KEYSTONE STOVE WORKS**

**Car Factory Buildings,**

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MERRICK & CO.

*MANUFACTURERS OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN*

**COOKING STOVES,**
**HEATING STOVES**
**GRATE FRONTS and FENDERS, &c., &c.**

**Ruby Cooking Stove Nos. 7, 8 & 9.**

THIS STOVE TOOK THE FIRST PREMIUM at the State Fair as a Coal Cooking Stove, and also at the State County Fair. We use no scrap iron in their manufacture, but make them exclusively of No. 1 Pig Metal, and warrant them in every respect.

The Ruby has the largest oven in the market and consumes but little fuel in baking, owing to its improved Grate.

GRATE FRONTS AND FENDERS.

We are largely engaged in the manufacture of Grate Fronts and Fenders, which we enamel in an even common, second quality and fine finish. This enamel retains its lustre for a long time, will not burn off, and makes a much superior finish to that of Coal Tar.

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We are also making Sheet Iron Summer Pieces (for which we have applied for a patent) pressed up in a Hydraulic press. They are much lighter than cast Iron, and much cheaper.

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We claim the heaviest heating Stove in the market for the size, and use the best Stock in their construction.

Our patterns are not yet complete, but it is our intention to keep a general assortment in our line.

We also took the Premium at the County Fair for Castings generally, and we have entered in to the business with the determination to use the best of Pig Metal and make good work.

We respectfully request a share of the public patronage, and would be pleased to see those wanting anything in our line at our works.

Prices Low to suit the times.

MERRICK & CO.

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